

AERIAL SURVEY OF WILDLIFE IN KHAUDUM NATIONAL PARK & NEIGHBOURING CONSERVANCIES SEPTEMBER 2013



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AERIAL SURVEY OF WILDLIFE IN KHAUDUM NATIONAL PARK & NEIGHBOURING CONSERVANCIES – SEPTEMBER 2013

SUMMARY

An aerial survey of wildlife and domestic livestock took place in the Khaudum National Park and surrounding conservancies from 17^{th} to the 22^{nd} September 2013. A total area of 15, 200 km² was sampled at an average intensity of 7.1%.

The estimates of numbers of each species (with their 95% confidence range) are given in the table below.

| SPECIES | ESTIMATED NUMBER | 95% RANGE | | ANGE |
|------------------------------|---------------------|-----------|---|-------|
| Elephants | 3638 | 2490 | - | 4786 |
| Elephants in bull groups | 1063 | 610 | - | 1517 |
| Elephants in family groups | 2575 | 1520 | - | 3630 |
| Total elephant carcasses | 107 | 19 | - | 194 |
| Elephant carcasses (class 3) | 63 | 4 | - | 134 |
| Elephant carcasses (class 4) | 44 | 3 | - | 96 |
| Buffalo | 63 | 4 | - | 184 |
| Duiker | 703 | 482 | - | 925 |
| Eland | 723 | 161 | - | 1284 |
| Giraffe | 698 | 362 | - | 1035 |
| Hartebeest | 492 | 59 | - | 1142 |
| Kudu | 2016 | 1222 | - | 2809 |
| Oryx | 1331 | 837 | - | 1825 |
| Roan | 1800 | 508 | - | 3091 |
| Springbok | 44 | 36 | - | 104 |
| Steenbok | 483 | 308 | - | 659 |
| Warthog | 579 | 234 | - | 925 |
| Wildebeest | 2247 | 671 | - | 3824 |
| Ostrich | 615 | 334 | - | 895 |
| Horse | 576 | 181 | - | 972 |
| Donkey | 86 | 12 | - | 202 |
| Cattle | 7449 | 4514 | - | 10385 |
| Sheep/goats | 1266 | 169 | - | 2524 |
| Fields/Cultivation | 264 | 131 | - | 397 |
| Villages/Huts | 365 | 156 | - | 574 |

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AERIAL SURVEY OF WILDLIFE IN KHAUDUM NATIONAL PARK & NEIGHBOURING CONSERVANCIES – SEPTEMBER 2013

1. INTRODUCTION

An assessment and strategy for wildlife protection and law enforcement by the Ministry of Environment and Tourism (Cumming 2012) identified the establishment of an effective monitoring system to be an important objective.

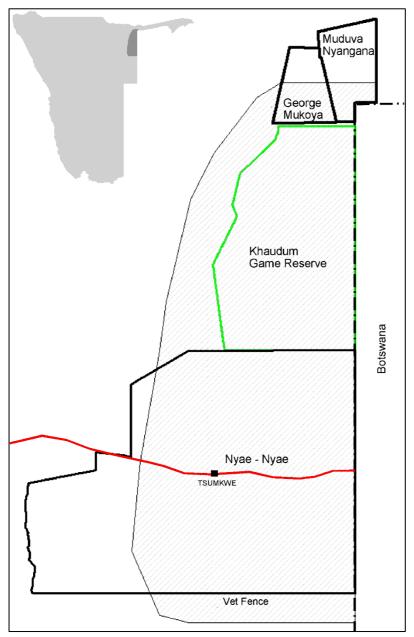


Figure 1 Location of the survey area (hatched)

The recommendation was made that an aerial survey of Bwabwata, Mudumu, Mamili, Khaudum and adjacent areas should be conducted to "establish numbers of live and dead elephant numbers and carcass ratios". Consequently, with the support of Ministry of **Environment and Tourism** (MET), an aerial survey of Zambezi (Caprivi) region took place in May/June 2013 (Craig and Gibson, 2013).

As a continuation of this, a survey of Khaudum National Park and neighbouring conservancies (Nyae Nyae, George Mukoyo and Muduva Nyangana) (Fig.1) took place in September 2013. That survey is the subject of this report.

The distribution of elephants (Fig. 2) seen during the 2011 dry season survey (MET 2011) provided a basis for dividing the survey area into strata (Fig. 3). This previous distribution was used to select sampling intensities for each stratum within the limits of available resources (Appendix I).

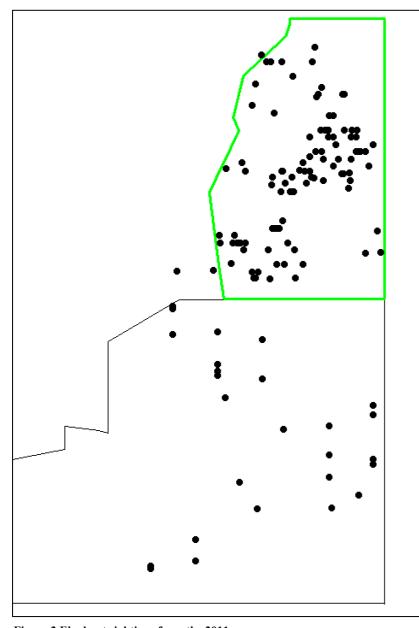
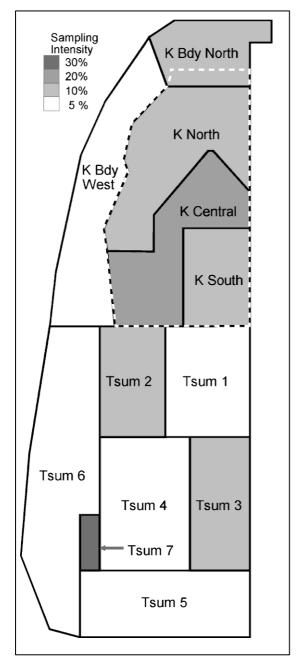


Figure 2 Elephant sightings from the 2011 survey

In each stratum, transects were evenly spaced according to the required sampling intensity from a randomly chosen start point.

They were oriented at right angles to major features (eg omarumbas) as far as possible (Fig. 4). Areas requiring higher sampling (20% and 30%) could not be covered in a single flight, which would violate the assumptions of the precision calculation (see Appendix I). Transects in these strata were therefore divided into sets, each representing a separate 10% coverage each, the results of which were combined in the final analysis. This had the additional advantage that in the event of the survey not being completed. a full coverage might still be available, albeit at a lower sampling intensity.

The strata named Tsum 1 to 7 comprise that part of Nyae Nyae in which elephants were seen in previous surveys. The survey omitted the western part of the conservancy. Stratum Tsum 7 covers the major group of pans in Nyae Nyae – not just the buffalo camp.



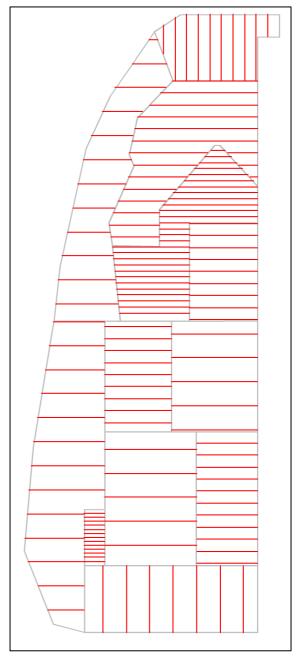


Figure 3 Survey strata used for the 2013 survey

Figure 4 Transects selected for the survey

While the main objective was estimating numbers and distributions of elephants and elephant carcasses, sightings of other species were recorded.

This report describes wildlife populations, human activities and other attributes in the section entitled Results.

Details of results by stratum are given in Appendix II.

Descriptions of methods are provided in Appendix I. Stratified systematic transect sampling was used (Norton Griffiths, 1978) in a light aircraft (a Cessna 182) flying at a nominal height of 300 feet above the ground.

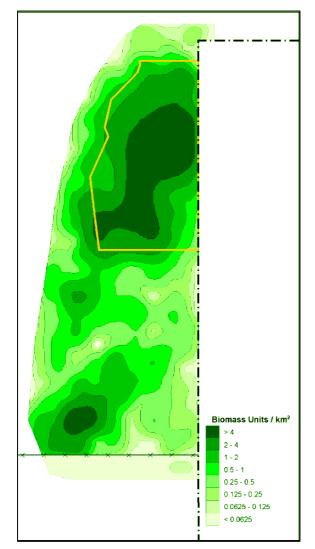
2. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

For each species of wildlife in this section a sighting map is provided along with a table of estimates for each stratum. In the table the "range" refers to the range within which there is a 95% probability that the true number falls (i.e. it is the 95% confidence interval). Strictly, for most species this is actually the range within which 95% of independent *estimates* made by the same method would fall. The true value is likely to be higher on average because of undercounting bias.

"No. seen" is the number of animals seen within sampling strips and "No. out" is the number seen outside of the sampling strips. Where animals were seen only outside of the sampling strips no estimate can be made by this method although the record shows that the species occurs.

Wildlife species in this section are arranged in alphabetical order of their common names with the exception of: elephants, which are placed first. Elephant carcasses and carcass ratios are tabulated after elephants. These are followed by domestic animals and other attributes associated with people (eg fields, villages). For each of the species, a map of the locations of sightings is provided.

Details of the results by stratum are given in Appendix II.



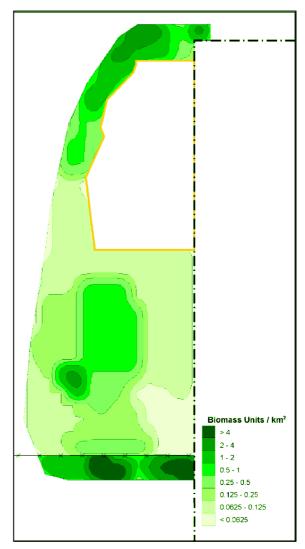


Figure 5 Wildlife biomass distribution

Figure 6 Livestock biomass distribution

Figures 5 and 6 provide a good overview of the contrast in the distributions of wildlife and domestic livestock. This is done by showing biomass density. This takes into account the survey sampling intensity as well as the number of animal sightings. One biomass unit is equivalent to 450kg of metabolic biomass.

The maps below, which show the distribution of sightings of each species, can be misleading as they show concentrations both where animals are more numerous and where there was high sampling intensity. No account is taken of herd size in these maps – they simply show the locations of sightings.

The Foot & Mouth Disease veterinary fence is assumed to be a barrier to wildlife and livestock. Densities have therefore been analysed separately north and south of the fence. Similarly, few livestock were seen in Khaudum NP, so the analysis of livestock biomass excludes that area.

2.1. Observations of Wildlife

2.1.1. Elephant

Table 1: Estimates of total elephant numbers (family and bull groups combined)

| Strata | Pop. Est | 95% | Range |) | No. seen | No. out | No. km ⁻² |
|------------------|----------|------|-------|----|----------|---------|----------------------|
| Khaudum NP | 3089 | 1998 | - 41 | 80 | 436 | 875 | 0.8551 |
| Khaudum NP Bdy W | 44 | 11 | - 13 | 8 | 2 | 9 | 0.0292 |
| Khaudum NP Bdy N | | | | | | 17 | |
| Nyae Nyae | 505 | 151 | - 90 | 4 | 26 | 125 | 0.0648 |
| Overall | 3638 | 2490 | - 47 | 86 | 464 | 1026 | 0.2664 |

The density distribution of the estimated 3638 elephant is presented in Fig 7.

Table 2: Estimates of elephant numbers from previous surveys

| Strata | Pop. Estimate 1998 | 95% c.l. as % | Pop. Estimate 2004 | 95% c.l. as % | Pop. Estimate 2011 | 95% c.l. as % | Pop. Estimate 2013 | 95% c.l. as % |
|------------|--------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| Khaudum NP | 2224 | 48.7% | 3099 | 66.0% | 2755 | 45.6% | 3089 | 35.3% |
| Nyae Nyae | 552 | 75.2% | 967 | 50.0% | 1976 | 75.8% | 505 | 79.0% |
| Overall | 2776 | 40.5% | 4066 | 51.7% | 4731 | 41.3% | 3638 | 31.6% |

The 2013 estimate is less than the 2011 estimate. This is not statistically significant (p>0.51). It is possible that the population was smaller at the time of the survey because of the disturbance caused by an elephant capture operation taking place at the time. Several large groups of elephants were seen within Botswana from the ends of the transects in Khaudum. One group was seen crossing the border fence. Some elephants could, therefore, be taking refuge in Botswana and others could have moved to the west, outside the survey area.

The overall change since 1998 (Table 2) indicates an averages 2.7% increase in population size per annum. This trend is not statistically significant (p>0.03). However, taking into account the low precision, the number of surveys is insufficient to detect an average annual increase of 5% over the period. Therefore, while there is no statistical evidence of change in population size, it cannot be concluded that no change has taken place.

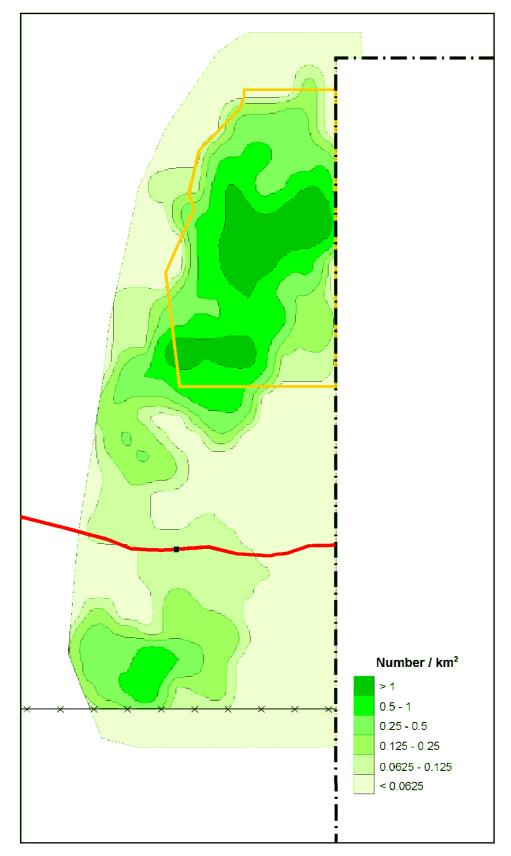
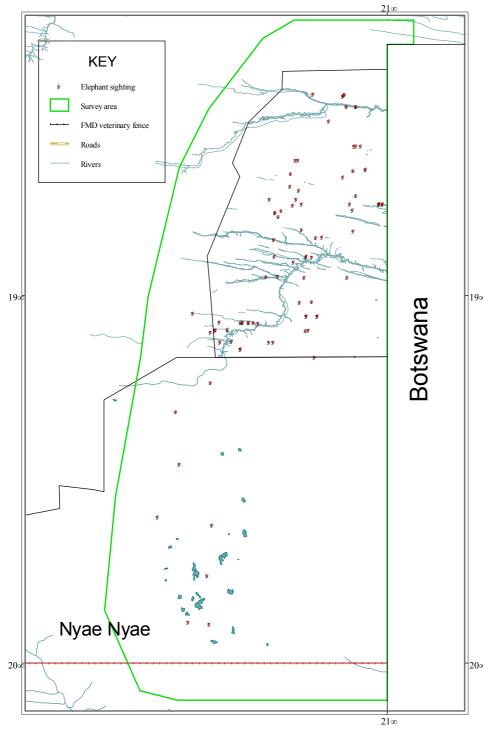


Figure 7 Density distribution of elephants (both family and bull groups)

Table 3: Estimates of elephants in family groups

| Strata | Pop. Est | 95%Range | No. seen | No. out | No. km ⁻² |
|---------------|----------|-------------|----------|---------|----------------------|
| Khaudum NP | 2575 | 1504 - 3645 | 364 | 754 | 0.7127 |
| Khaudum Bdy W | | | | 8 | |
| Khaudum Bdy N | | | | 17 | |
| Nyae Nyae | | | | 81 | |
| Overall | 2575 | 1520 - 3630 | 364 | 860 | 0.1886 |



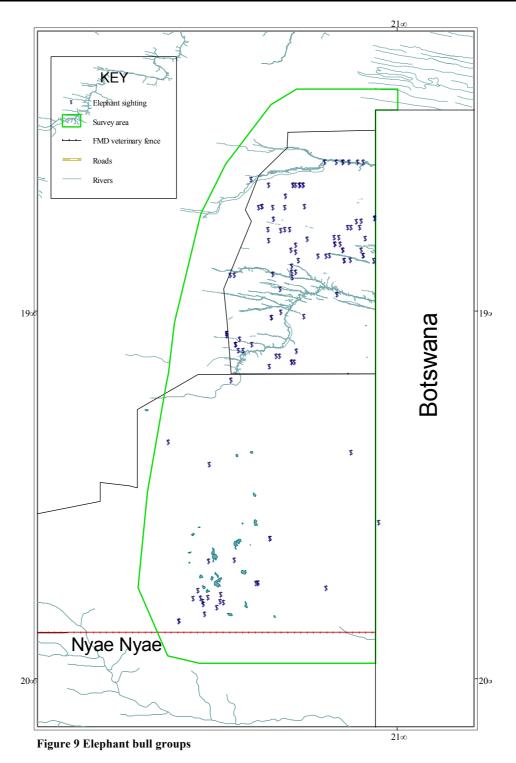
No elephant families were seen in the sample outside of Khaudum National Park. However, visibility was good enough to see elephant herds at a considerable distance beyond the transects so the presence of family groups was noted in other strata.

The number seen serves as a minimum estimate in the absence of better information.

Figure 8 Sightings of elephant family groups

Table 4. Estimates of elephants in bull groups

| Strata | Pop. Est | 95%Rang | ge | No. seen | No. out | No. km ⁻² |
|---------------|----------|---------|------|----------|---------|----------------------|
| Khaudum NP | 514 | 303 - 7 | 25 | 72 | 121 | 0.1424 |
| Khaudum Bdy W | 44 | 3 - 1 | .38 | 2 | 1 | 0.0292 |
| Nyae Nyae | 505 | 106 - 9 | 04 | 26 | 44 | 0.0648 |
| Overall | 1063 | 610 - 1 | .517 | 100 | 166 | 0.0779 |



2.1.2. Elephant Carcasses

Table 5. Estimates of total elephant carcasses (all classes combined)

| Strata | Pop. Est | 95%Range | No. seen | No. out | No. km ⁻² | Carcass ratio (%) |
|---------------|-------------|----------|-------------|------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| Khaudum NP | 10 | 1 - 31 | 1 | 0 | 0.0029 | 0.32 |
| Khaudum Bdy W | 22 | 1 - 69 | 1 | 0 | 0.0146 | 33.33 |
| Nyae Nyae | 75 | 5 - 149 | 5 | 0 | 0.0096 | 12.93 |
| Overall | 107 | 19 - 194 | 7 | 0 | 0.0078 | 2.86 |

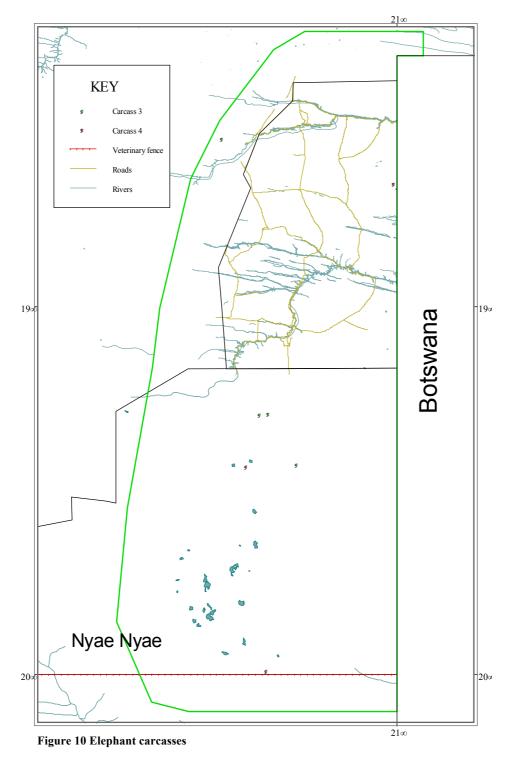


Table 6. Estimates of class 3 elephant carcasses

| Strata | Pop. Est | 95%Range | No. seen | No. out | No. km ⁻² |
|---------------|----------|----------|----------|---------|----------------------|
| Khaudum Bdy W | 22 | 1 - 69 | 1 | 0 | 0.0146 |
| Nyae Nyae | 42 | 3 - 98 | 3 | 0 | 0.0053 |
| Overall | 63 | 4 - 134 | 4 | 0 | 0.0046 |

Table 7. Estimates of class 4 elephant carcasses

| Strata | Pop. Est | 95%Range | No. seen | No. out | No. km ⁻² |
|------------|----------|----------|----------|---------|----------------------|
| Khaudum NP | 10 | 1 - 31 | 1 | 0 | 0.0029 |
| Nyae Nyae | 33 | 2 - 82 | 2 | 0 | 0.0043 |
| Overall | 44 | 3 - 96 | 3 | 0 | 0.0032 |

Very few carcasses were seen, and the results translate to an overall ratio of 2.86% - an increase since 2011, but not significant (p > 0.4).

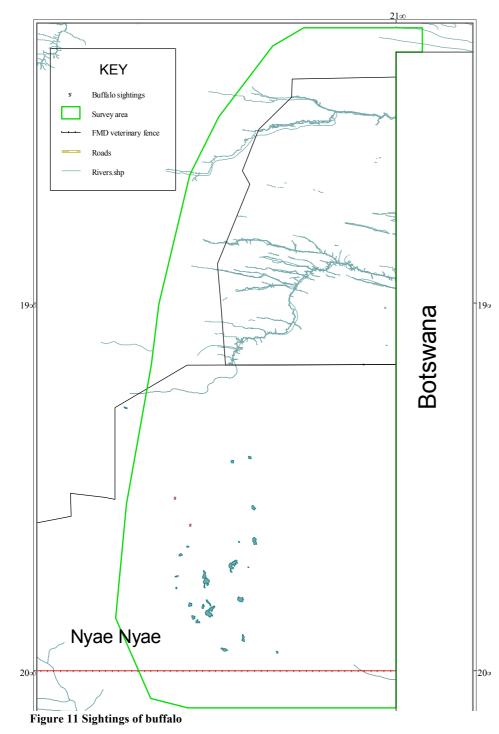
The high ratios seen in Nyae Nyae and in the Khaudum NP western boundary stratum suggest higher mortality there. This might be a real consequence of trophy hunting, problem animal control or illegal hunting. However, this is based on very small numbers so the data does not provide strong evidence of such an effect.

The overall ratio is in the range that would be expected from natural mortality. There is, therefore, no evidence of any serious impact caused by illegal hunting. However, the data cannot entirely rule out some effect (see 3.1, below).

2.1.3. Buffalo

Table 8. Estimates of buffalo

| Strata | Pop. Est | 95%Range | No. seen | No. out | No. km ⁻² |
|-----------|----------|----------|----------|---------|----------------------|
| Nyae Nyae | 63 | 4 - 184 | 3 | 1 | 0.0081 |
| Overall | 63 | 4 - 184 | 3 | 1 | 0.0042 |



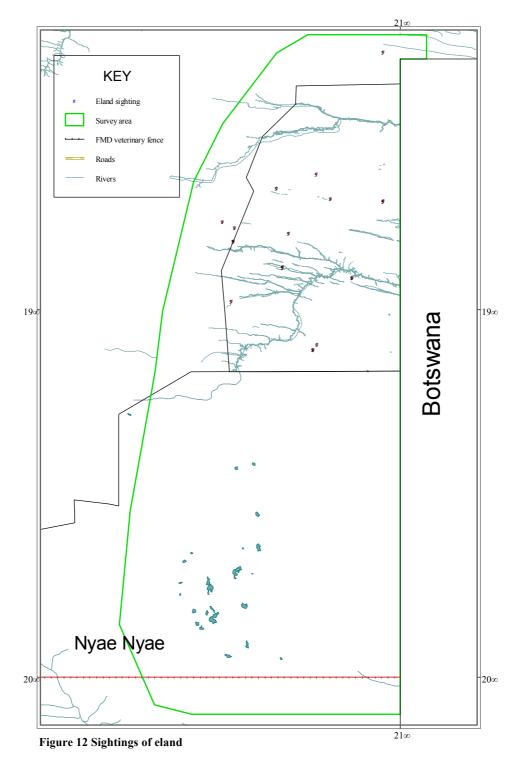
Sightings are marked on the map as the point where the aircraft was when the sighting was made. The southerly sighting on this map was made from a transect outside the buffalo camp and was of a buffalo that was within the camp.

The buffalo camp was only covered by 5% sampling, so the estimate (based on one sighting) is very imprecise. Previous counts have estimated the number of buffalo to be 169 in 2011 and 202 in 2012 (Beytell & du Preez, 2013)

2.1.4.Eland

Table 9. Estimates of eland

| Strata | Pop. Est | 95%Range | No. seen | No. out | No. km ⁻² |
|---------------|----------|------------|----------|---------|----------------------|
| Khaudum NP | 531 | 91 - 1032 | 73 | 18 | 0.1469 |
| Khaudum Bdy W | 65 | 4 - 205 | 3 | 1 | 0.0438 |
| Khaudum Bdy N | 127 | 12 - 396 | 12 | 0 | 0.1673 |
| Overall | 723 | 161 - 1284 | 88 | 19 | 0.0529 |



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2.1.5. Giraffe

Table 10. Estimates of giraffe

| Strata | Pop. Est | 95%Range | No. seen | No. out | No. km ⁻² |
|---------------|----------|------------|----------|---------|----------------------|
| Khaudum NP | 557 | 264 - 851 | 68 | 63 | 0.1542 |
| Khaudum Bdy W | 109 | 15 - 294 | 5 | 10 | 0.073 |
| Khaudum Bdy N | 11 | 3 - 33 | 1 | 2 | 0.0139 |
| Nyae Nyae | 22 | 10 - 63 | 2 | 8 | 0.0028 |
| Overall | 698 | 362 - 1035 | 76 | 83 | 0.0511 |

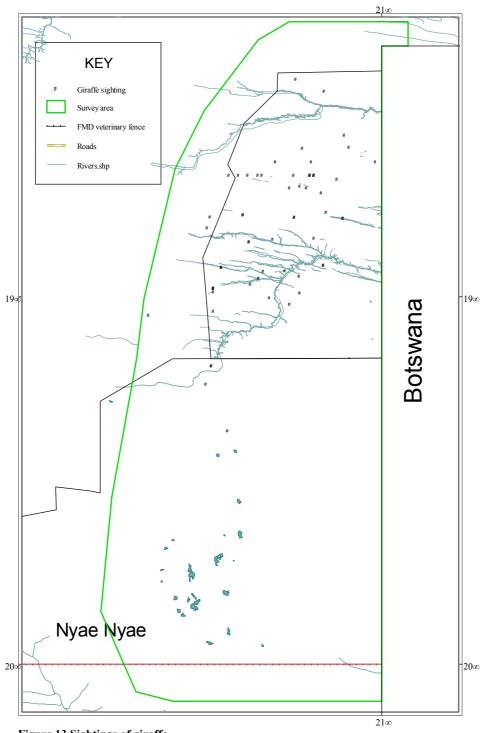


Figure 13 Sightings of giraffe

2.1.6. Hartebeest

Table 11. Estimates of hartebeest

| Strata | Pop. Est | 95%Range | No. seen | No. out | No. km ⁻² |
|------------|----------|-----------|----------|---------|----------------------|
| Khaudum NP | 22 | 4 - 62 | 4 | 0 | 0.006 |
| Nyae Nyae | 470 | 55 - 1127 | 40 | 15 | 0.0603 |
| Overall | 492 | 59 - 1142 | 44 | 15 | 0.036 |

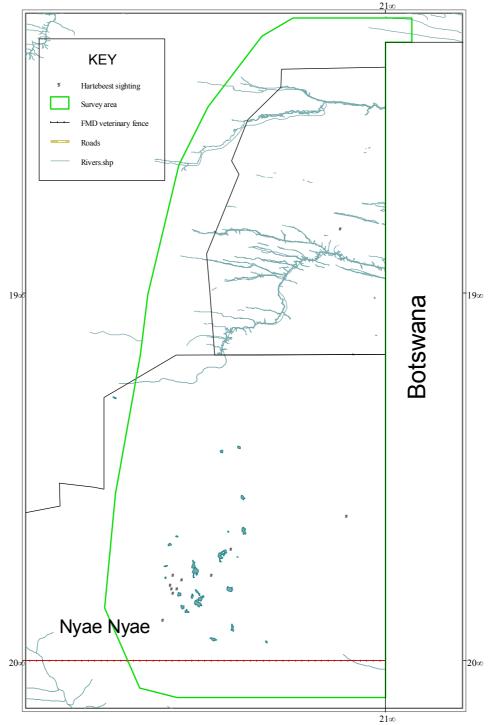


Figure 14 Sightings of hartebeest

2.1.7.Kudu

Table 12. Estimates of kudu

| Strata | Pop. Est | 95%Range | | No. seen | No. out | No. km ⁻² | |
|---------------|----------|----------|---|----------|---------|----------------------|--------|
| Khaudum NP | 457 | 213 | - | 701 | 59 | 34 | 0.1265 |
| Khaudum Bdy W | 348 | 16 | - | 709 | 16 | 0 | 0.2336 |
| Khaudum Bdy N | 63 | 6 | - | 138 | 6 | 0 | 0.0837 |
| Nyae Nyae | 1147 | 459 | - | 1836 | 72 | 33 | 0.1472 |
| Overall | 2016 | 1222 | - | 2809 | 153 | 67 | 0.1476 |

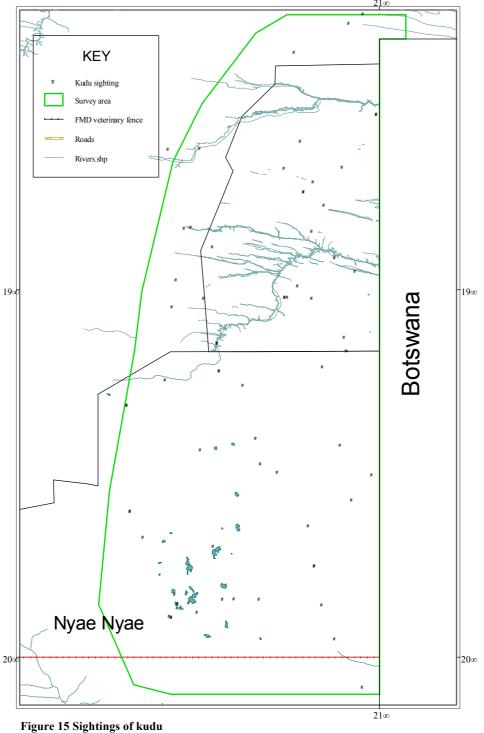
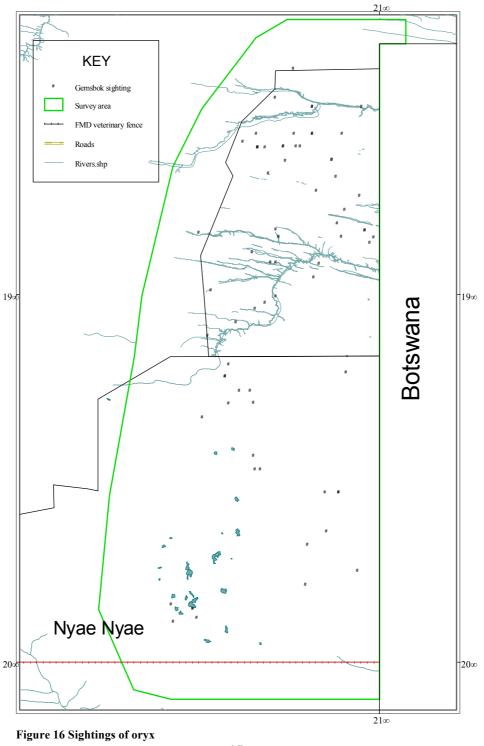


Table 13. Estimates of oryx

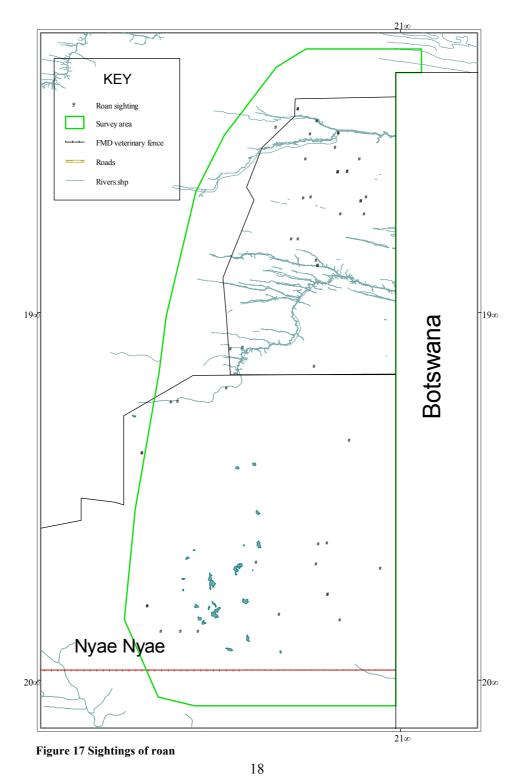
| Strata | Pop. Est | 95%Range | No. seen | No. out | No. km ⁻² |
|---------------|----------|------------|----------|---------|----------------------|
| Khaudum NP | 690 | 347 - 1033 | 87 | 34 | 0.191 |
| Khaudum Bdy W | 44 | 9 - 138 | 2 | 7 | 0.0292 |
| Khaudum Bdy N | 116 | 11 - 363 | 11 | 0 | 0.1534 |
| Nyae Nyae | 482 | 203 - 761 | 63 | 8 | 0.0618 |
| Overall | 1331 | 837 - 1825 | 163 | 49 | 0.0975 |



2.1.9.Roan

Table 14. Estimates of roan

| Strata | Pop. Est | 95%Range | | | No. seen | No. out | No. km ⁻² |
|---------------|----------|----------|---|------|----------|---------|----------------------|
| Khaudum NP | 657 | 254 | - | 1060 | 77 | 41 | 0.1818 |
| Khaudum Bdy W | 0 | 3 | - | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| Khaudum Bdy N | 42 | 6 | - | 133 | 4 | 2 | 0.0558 |
| Nyae Nyae | 1100 | 83 | - | 2343 | 59 | 24 | 0.1412 |
| Overall | 1800 | 508 | - | 3091 | 140 | 70 | 0.1318 |



2.1.10. Springbok

Table 15. Estimates of springbok

| Strata | Pop. Est | 95%Range | No. seen | No. out | No. km ⁻² |
|-----------|----------|----------|----------|---------|----------------------|
| Nyae Nyae | 44 | 36 - 105 | 12 | 24 | 0.0057 |
| Overall | 44 | 36 - 104 | 12 | 24 | 0.0032 |

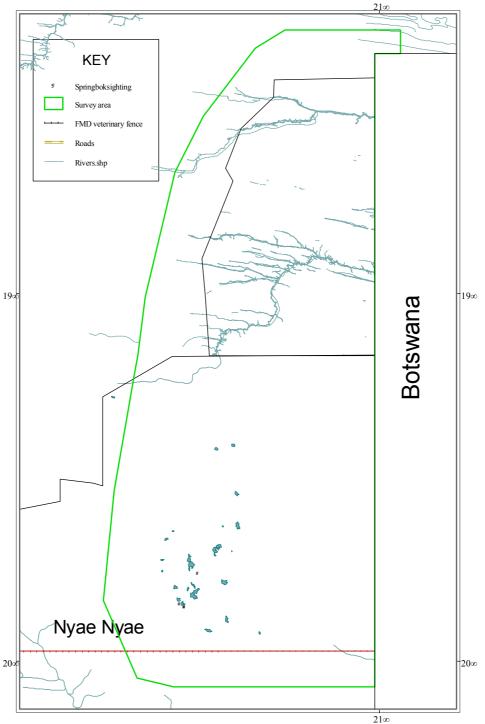
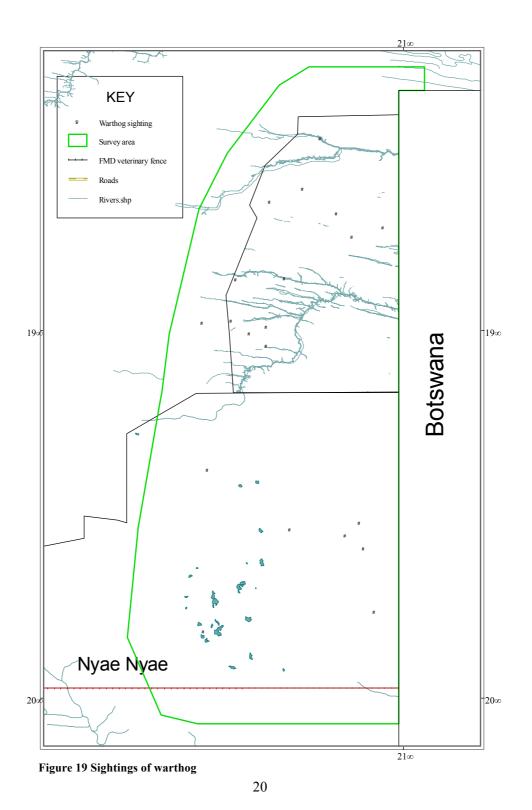


Figure 18 Sightings of springbok

2.1.11. Warthog

Table 16. Estimates of warthog

| Strata | Pop. Est | 95%Range | No. seen | No. out | No. km ⁻² |
|---------------|----------|-----------|----------|---------|----------------------|
| Khaudum NP | 233 | 99 - 367 | 29 | 0 | 0.0645 |
| Khaudum Bdy W | 44 | 3 - 136 | 2 | 1 | 0.0292 |
| Nyae Nyae | 303 | 20 - 615 | 20 | 0 | 0.0389 |
| Overall | 579 | 234 - 925 | 51 | 1 | 0.0424 |



2.1.12. Wildebeest

Table 17. Estimates of wildebeest

| Strata | Pop. Est | 95%Range | No. seen | No. out | No. km ⁻² |
|------------|----------|------------|----------|---------|----------------------|
| Khaudum NP | 349 | 110 - 704 | 40 | 70 | 0.0965 |
| Nyae Nyae | 1899 | 423 - 3456 | 184 | 239 | 0.2436 |
| Overall | 2247 | 671 - 3824 | 224 | 309 | 0.1646 |

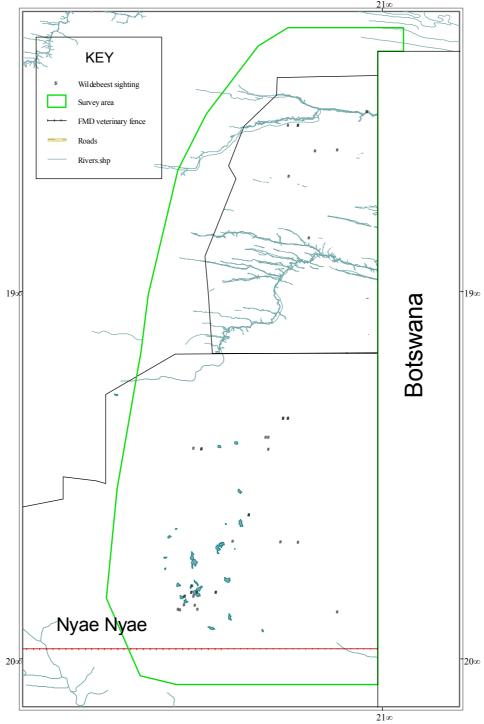
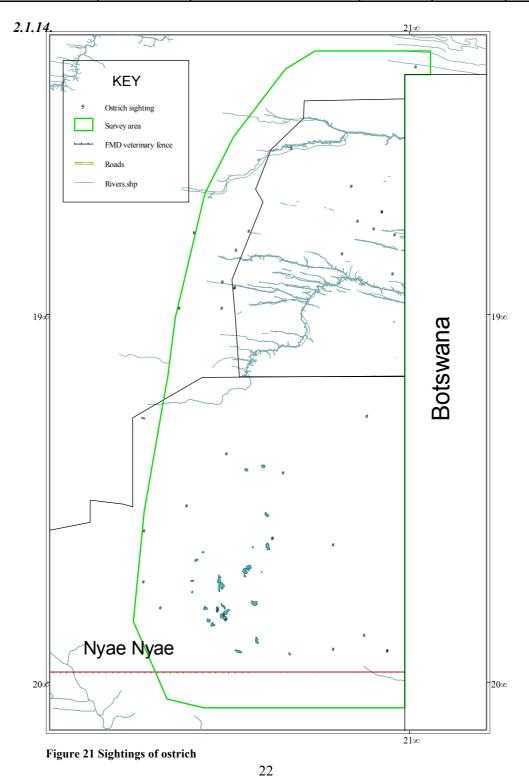


Figure 20 sightings of wildebeest

2.1.13. Ostrich

Table 18. Estimates of ostrich

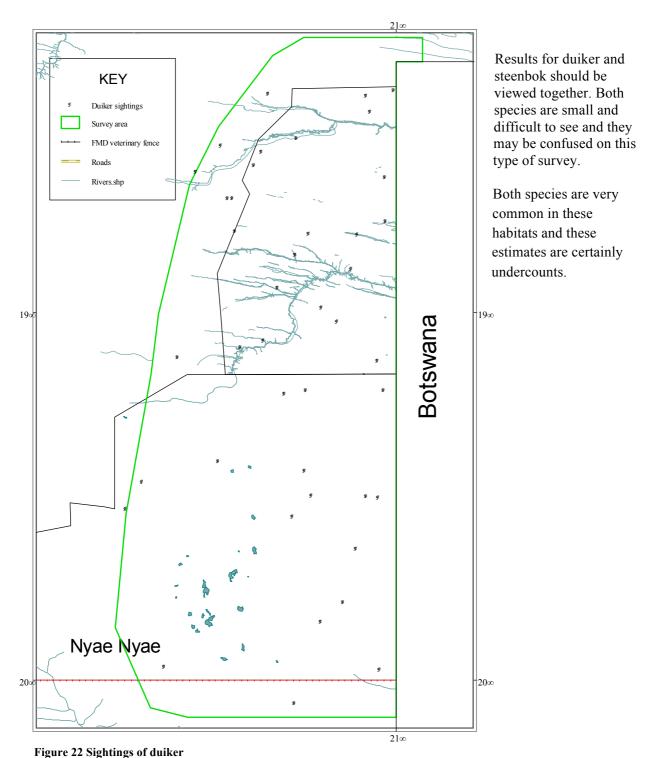
| Strata | Pop. Est | 95%Range | No. seen | No. out | No. km ⁻² |
|---------------|----------|-----------|----------|---------|----------------------|
| Khaudum NP | 96 | 20 - 180 | 14 | 6 | 0.0265 |
| Khaudum Bdy W | 109 | 6 - 267 | 5 | 1 | 0.073 |
| Khaudum Bdy N | 32 | 3 - 105 | 3 | 0 | 0.0418 |
| Nyae Nyae | 378 | 157 - 599 | 21 | 18 | 0.0485 |
| Overall | 615 | 334 - 895 | 43 | 25 | 0.045 |



2.1.15. Small Antelopes

Table 19. Estimates of duiker

| Strata | Pop. Est | 95% | Rang | ge | No. seen | No. out | No. km ⁻² |
|---------------|----------|-----|------|-----|----------|---------|----------------------|
| Khaudum NP | 161 | 95 | - 2 | .28 | 21 | 0 | 0.0447 |
| Khaudum Bdy W | 152 | 21 | - 2 | .83 | 7 | 0 | 0.1022 |
| Khaudum Bdy N | 21 | 2 | - 5 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0.0279 |
| Nyae Nyae | 369 | 192 | - 5 | 45 | 20 | 0 | 0.0473 |
| Overall | 703 | 482 | - 9 | 25 | 50 | 0 | 0.0515 |



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Table 20. Estimates of steenbok

| Strata | Pop. Est | 95%Range | No. seen | No. out | No. km ⁻² |
|---------------|----------|-----------|----------|---------|----------------------|
| Khaudum NP | 170 | 84 - 255 | 20 | 2 | 0.0469 |
| Khaudum Bdy W | 87 | 6 - 168 | 4 | 1 | 0.0584 |
| Khaudum Bdy N | 11 | 3 - 33 | 1 | 2 | 0.0139 |
| Nyae Nyae | 216 | 80 - 352 | 12 | 1 | 0.0278 |
| Overall | 483 | 308 - 659 | 37 | 6 | 0.0354 |

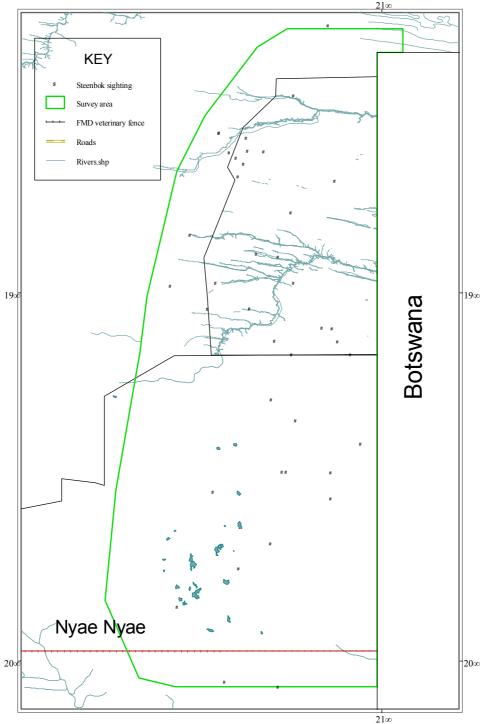


Figure 23 Sightings of steenbok

2.2. Observations of Domestic Animals & Human Influence

2.2.1.Horses

Table 21. Estimates of Horses

| Strata | Pop. Est | 95%Range | No. seen | No. out | No. km ⁻² |
|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|---------|----------------------|
| Nyae Nyae | 576 | 176 - 977 | 27 | 12 | 0.0739 |
| Overall | 576 | 181 - 972 | 27 | 12 | 0.0422 |

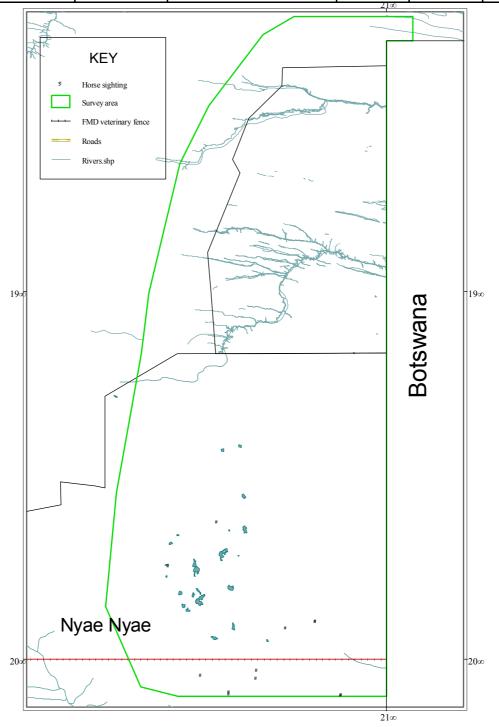


Figure 24 Sightings of horses

2.2.2.Donkeys

Table 22. Estimates of donkeys

| Strata | Pop. Est | 95%Range | No. seen | No. out | No. km ⁻² |
|---------------|----------|----------|----------|---------|----------------------|
| Khaudum Bdy N | 63 | 6 - 186 | 6 | 0 | 0.0837 |
| Nyae Nyae | 22 | 6 - 66 | 1 | 5 | 0.0029 |
| Overall | 86 | 12 - 202 | 7 | 5 | 0.0063 |

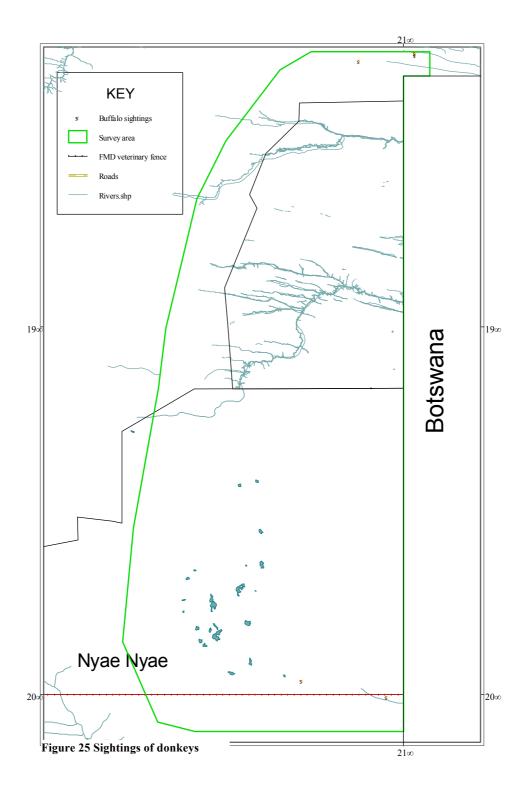
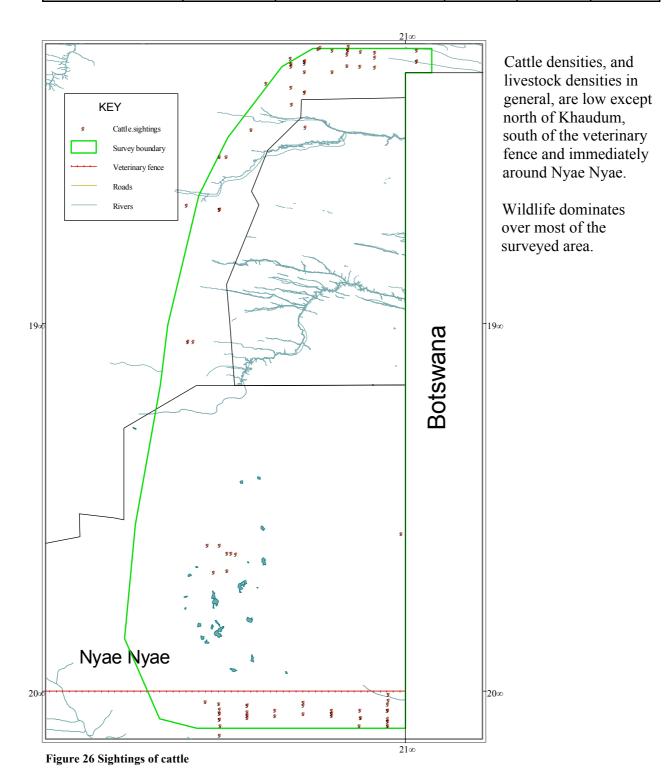


Table 23. Estimates of Cattle

| Strata | Pop. Est | 95%Range | No. seen | No. out | No. km ⁻² |
|---------------|----------|--------------|----------|---------|----------------------|
| Khaudum Bdy W | 1501 | 155 - 3289 | 69 | 86 | 1.0074 |
| Khaudum Bdy N | 1394 | 315 - 2842 | 132 | 183 | 1.8407 |
| Nyae Nyae | 4554 | 2422 - 6685 | 206 | 173 | 0.5843 |
| Overall | 7449 | 4514 - 10385 | 407 | 442 | 0.5456 |



2.2.4.Sheep/Goats

Table 24. Estimates of small stock (sheep/goats)

| Strata | Pop. Est | 95%Range | No. seen | No. out | No. km ⁻² |
|---------------|----------|------------|----------|---------|----------------------|
| Khaudum Bdy W | 457 | 91 - 1435 | 21 | 70 | 0.3066 |
| Khaudum Bdy N | 285 | 49 - 896 | 27 | 22 | 0.3765 |
| Nyae Nyae | 524 | 29 - 1258 | 24 | 5 | 0.0673 |
| Overall | 1266 | 169 - 2524 | 72 | 97 | 0.0927 |

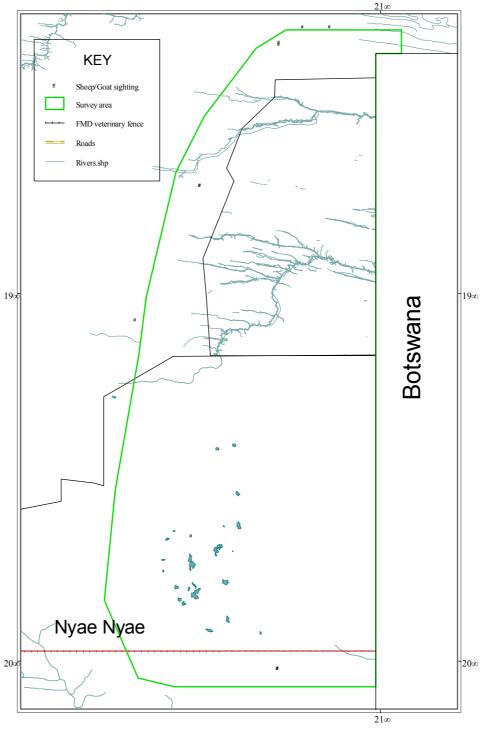


Figure 27 Sightings of sheep/goats

_ _

2.2.5. Human attributes

Table 25. Camps and water points observed

| Strata | No. camps seen | No. water points seen | |
|------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Khaudum NP | 2 | 6 | |
| Khaudum NP Bdy W | 0 | 1 | |
| Khaudum NP Bdy N | 1 | 3 | |
| Nyae Nyae | 1 | 8 | |
| Overall | 4 | 18 | |

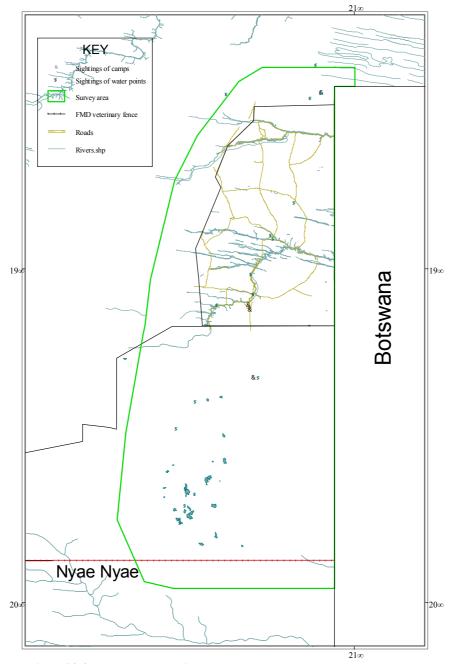


Figure 28 Camps and waterpoints

Table 26, Observations of cultivation (estimates of numbers of fields)

| Strata | Pop. Est | 95%Range | No. seen | No. out | No. km ⁻² |
|------------------|----------|-----------|----------|---------|----------------------|
| Khaudum NP Bdy W | | - | | 2 | |
| Khaudum NP Bdy N | 264 | 112 - 417 | 25 | 4 | 0.3486 |
| Nyae Nyae | | | | 1 | |
| Overall | 264 | 131 - 397 | 25 | 7 | 0.0193 |

Table 27. Observations of habitation (estimates of numbers of villages and huts)

| Strata | Pop. Est | 95%Range | No. seen | No. out | No. km ⁻² |
|------------------|----------|-----------|----------|---------|----------------------|
| Khaudum NP Bdy W | 65 | 6 - 162 | 3 | 3 | 0.0438 |
| Khaudum NP Bdy N | 63 | 9 - 124 | 6 | 3 | 0.0837 |
| Nyae Nyae | 236 | 51 - 421 | 11 | 14 | 0.0303 |
| Overall | 365 | 156 - 574 | 20 | 20 | 0.0267 |

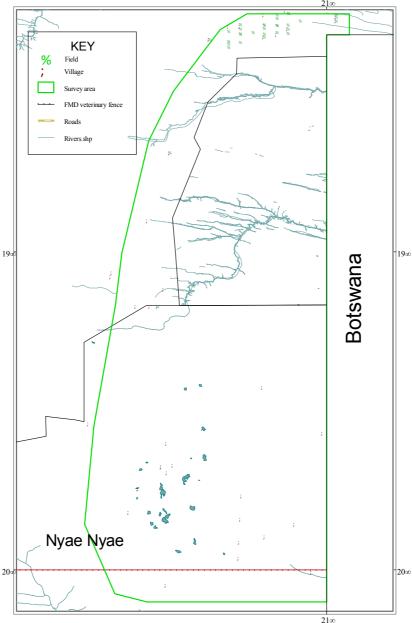


Figure 29 Villages and fields seen on the survey

3. GENERAL

3.1. Elephant Mortality

A major objective of this survey was to estimate elephant mortality with a view to detecting any increase in illegal hunting, as was found in Zambezi district (Caprivi) (Craig & Gibson 2013) which felt the effects of a recent Africa-wide upsurge in ivory poaching. There was an increase in the carcass estimates for the survey area over 2011 (107 against 62) but this is not statistically significant (p < 0.4). Numbers seen were very small, so precision is low and one must beware of concluding that the non - significant result implies no increase in mortality. With current precision, an increase of 159 carcasses would have been detectable; this would be equivalent to a 2.5% per annum overall death rate, which would be sustainable: an unsustainable rate of loss would have produced an increase of about 300 carcasses over two years. Therefore, even with the small numbers in the samples, any serious effect should have been detected. The confidence interval on the difference between 2011 and 2013 estimates (45 ± 112) also implies an upper limit on the annual overall mortality of 2.5%. The increase from 2011 to 2013 (45) is very significantly (p < 0.001) less than the 300 carcasses expected if death rates were unsustainable. Therefore, on the evidence of these surveys, mortality is well within acceptable limits. This does not tell us there is no illegal hunting, however, as the observed increase may be real, although statistically non-significant.

3.2. Elephant Population

The population estimate is lower than the 2011 result. The change is not significant and the deviation is what might be expected in the series of surveys since 1998. While there is no evidence of a statistically significant trend since 1998, a trend is not ruled out because small upward and downward changes would not be detectable with the prevailing precision and the limited number of surveys that have taken place. Surveys should be conducted more frequently in future and at improve sampling intensities.

The present result could still have been an underestimate as available elephant range goes beyond the boundary of the survey area, although the number outside was expected to be few, based on previous results. Counting more widely would have diluted the result in the core range with the resources available. The possibility of disturbance from the elephant capture taking place in Khaudum NP at the time of the survey has been mentioned. This could have caused some elephants to move out of the survey area. It became apparent that there were a considerable number of elephants in Botswana, across the border from Khaudum NP and that crossing was taking place. This could be a temporary movement, or the Khaudum NP elephants could be making more regular use of that range. From personal experience, there were few, if any, elephants in that part of Botswana during the 1990s, so the likelihood that those there now are part of the Khaudum NP population is high.

Distribution within Namibia is still concentrated in Khaudum NP along the southwest-northeast axis which follows the distribution of artificial waterpoints. Nyae Nyae has low numbers similar to most previous surveys, but the estimate of around 500 could be too low – even if one family group among those known to be present had been seen in the sample, this could have boosted the estimate by a few hundred.

Elephants had been reported independently in the adjacent northern conservancies, but numbers must have been low, as none were seen. Those seen in the most northern stratum were actually within Khaudum, where that stratum overlapped with the National Park.

3.3. Other species and attributes

Buffalo only occur in the fenced buffalo camp within Nyae Nyae. For such a closed population in a small area, it makes sense to perform a total count. The present survey result cannot be considered a realistic estimate. As reported above, total counts of the buffalo camp have given estimates of around 200 buffalos (Beytell & du Preez).

The other key wildlife species is roan antelope. These are shown to be very widespread over the survey area. The precision of the estimate is low and a better result would require a dedicated survey stratified for high and low density range.

Attributes of human influence (cultivation, habitation and livestock) show that this is low over most of the area, except north of Khaudum NP and south of the veterinary fence. Wildlife conservation is the dominant landuse in the surveyed area.

3.4. Accuracy of results

Although visibility was very good over most of the area, most species other than elephants will have been significantly undercounted. Even giraffe are easy to miss within the sample. An indicator of visibility is the comparison of left and right observers (Appendix II) which contrasts the results of more and less experienced observers. It is a concern that when visibility is good, too much attention is focused outside the counting strip. However, the relatively high counts of small antelope within the strip suggest that attention within the sample is adequate.

As addressed in the Caprivi survey report (Craig & Gibson 2013) accurate ground counts in at least part of the area may provide a guide to the level of undercounting in the aerial survey. Investigation of this using available ground count results would be useful.

3.5. Methodology caveats

- In the time available it was not possible to assemble the crew with most experience. This will have affected the result for the more cryptic species
- The flying time and resources available limited the extent of the surveyed area to that where most elephants had been seen on previous surveys.
- Sampling intensity was likewise limited. Higher sampling was applied where it was thought elephants should be located. For some strata, the effort was not ideal, although the overall result shows an improvement in precision.
- Strata could have been better designed in places. A medium density of elephants spills out of the southwest of Khaudum NP into the 5% sample (low density) stratum. Design should take better account of this. The northernmost stratum takes in part of Khaudum, meaning that estimates for the National Park itself are incomplete. This was done to make the northernmost stratum a reasonable size and also to limit the

- flying time of the northernmost stratum of Khaudum, which is at close to the maximum range from base.
- Transects in Khadum National Park north should have been oriented north-south
- Land south of the red line (veterinary) fence was included through an oversight. This could well have been left out, although the contrast between north and south of the fence is interesting.
- The highest sampling was placed around Nyae Nyae pans, which appears to be a focus of wildlife distribution in Nyae Nyae because of the pumped water, even though the pans themselves were dry. The boundaries of this stratum could well have been extended.

4. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

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APPENDIX I: METHODS

Methods followed CITES aerial survey standards using Jolly's method for unequal size sampling units (Jolly, 1969). In this survey rods were used to delimit strips, rather than the streamers used for the Caprivi survey. Track logs of the transects flown are shown in Fig. 30.

a. Data analysis

Jolly's (1969) method for blocks of unequal size was used to calculated estimates of density and variance for each species in each stratum as follows:

$$R = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} y_i}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} z_i}$$

$$\hat{Y} = Z.R$$

$$V_{\hat{Y}} = \frac{N(N-n)}{n} . (s_y^2 - 2.R.s_{zy} + R^2.s_z^2)$$

$$R = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} y_i}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} z_i}$$

$$\hat{Y} = Z.R$$

$$V_{\hat{Y}} = \frac{N(N-n)}{n}.(s_y^2 - 2.R.s_{zy} + R^2.s_z^2)$$

where:

R = density of animals

Y = total number estimated

Z = total area of stratum

 y_i = number of animals counted in transect i

 z_i = area of transect i

n = number of transects

N = number of transects possible in stratum where N = $n.Z/\Sigma z$

 s_v^2 = variance of number seen per transect

 s_z^2 = variance of transect areas

 s_{zy} = covariance between number seen per transect and transect area

 V_{ν} = variance of estimated number in stratum (i.e. variance of Y)

Overall estimates and variances were obtained from the sums of the stratum estimates and their variances.

Note that the term N(N-n)/n approaches zero as sampling intensity approaches 100%. Its application makes the assumption that all animals in the sample are seen once. This is violated if animals can

move between transects during the survey, as can happen if transects are closely spaced or the survey cannot be completed in one flight. This is why some strata were sampled repeatedly, each time at 10%, rather than a single coverage at a higher intensity.

The standard error (SE) of the estimate is the square root of the variance and the 95% confidence limits of the estimate is $Y \pm t$. SE, where t is Student's t for a two-tailed probability of 0.05 and n-1 degrees of freedom.

Detectable difference, δ , is calculated from: $\delta = (t_{\alpha} + t_{\beta})$. SE_{diff} . Where t is the t value for the probabilities of type I (α) and type II (β) errors, which are conventionally 0.05 (two-tailed) and 0.2 (one-tailed) respectively.

b. Sampling intensity

High sampling intensities were selected for the areas likely to contain large numbers of elephants and elephant carcasses, because a high precision was required for these areas. In order to achieve the 30% sampling intensity that was desired, it would be necessary to space transects 1.3 km apart with strip widths of 200m per side. With a 100m dead zone under the aircraft, this would leave a distance between transects of 600m outside the strip markers and would require extremely accurate navigation. Any deviation could lead to double counting of animals between closely spaced transects as well as disturbing animals on adjacent transects, which would violate the assumptions of the method of calculating precision. It was decided, therefore, to conduct four independent surveys of the "40%" strata and three of the "20%" strata at 10% sampling intensity. The estimated numbers of animals were calculated as a mean of the individual estimates. The combined variances were calculated as $V = \Sigma v/n^2$ (n is the number of surveys).

c. Elephant sightings, carcass classification and ratios

Elephants were recorded as being in family groups or bull groups, defined as follows:

Family groups - herds in which females and young are present. Any bulls in the group are counted as part of the group.

Bull groups - single bulls or herds which contain no females or juveniles.

Carcasses were classified into four categories according to their estimated time since death (Douglas-Hamilton 1996). These have been divided further (to allow the objective recording of very recent deaths. The four classes are:

- Carcass 1 Fresh (<1 month): skin covered, with flesh present giving the body a rounded appearance; vultures often present; ground still moist from body fluids.
- Carcass 2 Recent (<1 year): rot patch still visible; hide still attached to carcass; bones not scattered
- Carcass 3 Old (>1 year): skin absent; bones not scattered; vegetation re-grown in rot patch.
- Carcass 4 Very old (up to 10 years): bones bleached and scattered.

The estimated time since death of carcasses may vary between regions as the rate of decomposition depends on a number of factors such as moisture and temperature.

A "carcass ratio" defined as the ratio of dead elephants to all elephants (dead plus live animals). Douglas-Hamilton *et al.* (Douglas-Hamilton & Hillman 1981; Douglas-Hamilton & Burril 1991) suggest a carcass ratio of 2 - 8% as being normal for a stable or increasing population, while a ratio of over 9% indicates a declining population.

d. Searching rate

The searching rate (km²/hr) was calculated for each transect and the mean for each stratum provided as an objective indication the survey quality.

e. Maintenance of height

The target height was maintained using a radar altimeter. This instrument malfunctioned initially. After repair, it failed spasmodically during the survey. This was dealt with by flying on the pressue altimeter until the radar altimeter came back on line, usually after some seconds.

Heights were recorded every minute or more to obtain a mean height for each transect.

Mean height and its range are reported below.

f. Distribution maps

For most species, the positions of the sightings were simply plotted on a map of the area without accounting for the relative numbers of animals per sighting or the sampling intensity at which the sighting was made.

For more numerous species, the density of animals in cells measuring 0.025 degrees was calculated. These were filtered using a moving average. Empty cells were filled using Voronoi polygons surrounding the nearest filled cells. Resolution was doubled four times, filtering each time and cell values were converted to integer values of log(base2) density.

Contours were produced by making vectors of the boundaries between integer density values. These vectors were converted into Word Perfect graphics format (.WPG files) and plotted using the programme Corel Presentations.

g. Other information provided

The following are provided separately to the report:

- o Original data sheets
- Original calibration sheet
- o Digital list of all sightings
- o Digital list of all transects
- Shape files for strata
- Shape files for track logs
- O Bitmaps of all graphics
- o Digital copy of the report

APPENDIX II: RESULTS

The survey crew comprised R Desmond (pilot), C. Craig (coordinator and front-seat observer), N. Chitemamuswe (left hand observer) and T. Greyling (right hand observer).

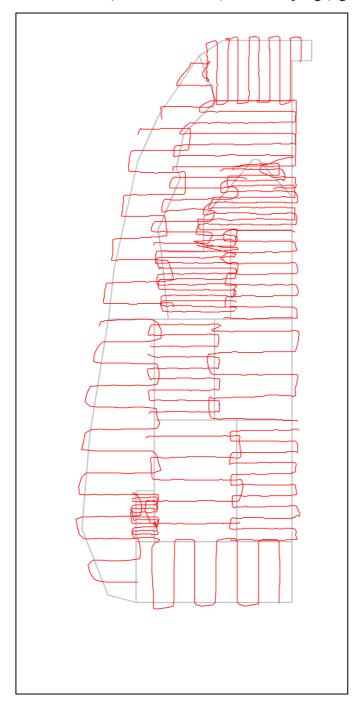


Figure 30 Track log from flight lines along transects

Supporting data indicating survey quality are given below.

a. Stratum Statistics

| Stratum Name | Area | No. of Transect | Sampling intensity % | Transect time(min) | Sample Area (km²) | Transect length (km) | Mean Ground speed (knots) | Search Rate |
|-----------------|---------|--------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------|
| KhauCA | 1287.9 | 14 | 9.24 | 109 | 119.03 | 317.07 | 94.25 | 1.09 |
| KhauCB | 1287.9 | 14 | 8.85 | 120 | 113.96 | 303.54 | 81.96 | 0.95 |
| KhauN | 1562 | 17 | 9.65 | 140 | 150.77 | 400.90 | 92.78 | 1.08 |
| KhauS | 762.6 | 9 | 10.38 | 72 | 79.15 | 210.53 | 94.74 | 1.10 |
| KhauLow1 | 1490.2 | 12 | 4.6 | 65 | 68.55 | 182.46 | 90.95 | 1.05 |
| KhauLow2 | 757.5 | 10 | 9.48 | 62 | 71.77 | 191.58 | 100.11 | 1.16 |
| Tsum1 | 1093 | 5 | 5.06 | 50 | 55.33 | 147.66 | 95.68 | 1.11 |
| Tsum2 | 848.6 | 9 | 9.19 | 73 | 77.94 | 206.38 | 91.60 | 1.07 |
| Tsum3 | 929.9 | 11 | 9.29 | 80 | 86.37 | 230.30 | 93.27 | 1.08 |
| Tsum4 | 1394.8 | 5 | 4.26 | 52 | 59.42 | 157.04 | 97.85 | 1.14 |
| Tsum5 | 1314.8 | 7 | 4.48 | 55 | 58.90 | 155.68 | 91.71 | 1.07 |
| Tsum6 | 2083.6 | 13 | 4.73 | 94 | 98.63 | 263.65 | 90.87 | 1.05 |
| Tsum7A | 129.1 | 5 | 10.17 | 11 | 13.12 | 34.87 | 102.72 | 1.19 |
| Tsum7B | 129.1 | 4 | 8.25 | 11 | 10.65 | 27.90 | 82.18 | 0.97 |
| Tsum7c | 129.1 | 4 | 8.12 | 11 | 10.48 | 27.90 | 82.17 | 0.95 |
| TOTAL / MEAN | 15199.7 | 139 | 7.07 | 1005 | 1074.07 | 2857.46 | 92.12 | 1.07 |

b. Maintenance of heightThe target height was 300ft above ground. Mean height flown was 300.2. 95% of recorded heights were within 19.4 feet of this value.

c. Calibration of strip widths

| | Height | L | | R | | Wid | lth | Cor | rected | Total |
|----|---------|----|-----|----|-----|-----|-----|--------|----------|--------|
| # | AGL(ft) | in | out | in | out | L | R | L | R | Width |
| 1 | 280 | 3 | 22 | 14 | 28 | 200 | 150 | 214.29 | 160.71 | 375 |
| 2 | 290 | 12 | 29 | 5 | 26 | 180 | 220 | 186.21 | 227.59 | 413.79 |
| 3 | 290 | 8 | 26 | 10 | 26 | 190 | 170 | 196.55 | 175.86 | 372.41 |
| 4 | 290 | 11 | 32 | 6 | 22 | 220 | 170 | 227.59 | 175.86 | 403.45 |
| 5 | 300 | 10 | 29 | 9 | 26 | 200 | 180 | 200 | 180 | 380 |
| 6 | 280 | 8 | 25 | 6 | 21 | 180 | 160 | 192.86 | 171.43 | 364.29 |
| 7 | 300 | 8 | 26 | 8 | 25 | 190 | 180 | 190 | 180 | 370 |
| 8 | 320 | 9 | 29 | 8 | 28 | 210 | 210 | 196.88 | 196.88 | 393.75 |
| 9 | 300 | 10 | 28 | 7 | 23 | 190 | 170 | 190 | 170 | 360 |
| 10 | 300 | 9 | 27 | 10 | 28 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 380 |
| 11 | 280 | 6 | 23 | 8 | 23 | 180 | 160 | 192.86 | 171.43 | 364.29 |
| 12 | 300 | 7 | 25 | 10 | 25 | 190 | 160 | 190 | 160 | 350 |
| 13 | 300 | 8 | 26 | 7 | 21 | 190 | 150 | 190 | 150 | 340 |
| 14 | 310 | 9 | 28 | 9 | 27 | 200 | 190 | 193.55 | 183.87 | 377.42 |
| 15 | 280 | 6 | 24 | 8 | 21 | 190 | 140 | 203.57 | 150 | 353.57 |
| 16 | 300 | 7 | 24 | 12 | 32 | 180 | 210 | 180 | 210 | 390 |
| 17 | 300 | 8 | 26 | 8 | 25 | 190 | 180 | 190 | 180 | 370 |
| 18 | 305 | 7 | 24 | 12 | 29 | 180 | 180 | 177.05 | 177.05 | 354.1 |
| 19 | 310 | 7 | 24 | 11 | 31 | 180 | 210 | 174.19 | 203.23 | 377.42 |
| 20 | 290 | 6 | 23 | 11 | 30 | 180 | 200 | 186.21 | 206.9 | 393.1 |
| 21 | 310 | 9 | 27 | 9 | 25 | 190 | 170 | 183.87 | 164.52 | 348.39 |
| 22 | 290 | 8 | 27 | 10 | 28 | 200 | 190 | 206.9 | 196.55 | 403.45 |
| 23 | 320 | 10 | 29 | 10 | 29 | 200 | 200 | 187.5 | 187.5 | 375 |
| 24 | 290 | 8 | 26 | 10 | 29 | 190 | 200 | 196.55 | 206.9 | 403.45 |
| | | | | | _ | | | | Mean | 375.54 |
| | | | | | | | | | Variance | 385.11 |
| | | | | | | | | | SE Mean | 4.01 |
| | | | | | | | | | %CL | 2.21 |

d. Comparison of observers

| • | Observ | ed | Expe | ected | | | |
|----------------|--------|-----|---------|---------|--------|-----------|-----|
| Species | L | R | L | R | Chi² | р | |
| Buffalo | 1 | 1 | 1.029 | 0.971 | 0.002 | 0.9674 | |
| Duiker | 36 | 6 | 21.607 | 20.393 | 19.747 | 0.00001 | *** |
| Eland | 8 | 3 | 5.659 | 5.341 | 1.995 | 0.15785 | |
| EleCarcass | 4 | 3 | 3.601 | 3.399 | 0.091 | 0.76291 | |
| ElephantBull | 30 | 17 | 24.179 | 22.821 | 2.886 | 0.08933 | |
| ElephantFamily | 17 | 14 | 15.948 | 15.052 | 0.143 | 0.70532 | |
| Giraffe | 21 | 9 | 15.433 | 14.567 | 4.135 | 0.042 | * |
| Hartebeest | 7 | 1 | 4.116 | 3.884 | 4.164 | 0.0413 | * |
| Kudu | 37 | 12 | 25.208 | 23.792 | 11.361 | 0.00075 | *** |
| Oryx | 25 | 25 | 25.722 | 24.278 | 0.042 | 0.83809 | |
| Roan | 21 | 11 | 16.462 | 15.538 | 2.576 | 0.10849 | |
| Springbok | 1 | 1 | 1.029 | 0.971 | 0.002 | 0.9674 | |
| Steenbok | 16 | 19 | 18.006 | 16.994 | 0.46 | 0.4976 | |
| Warthog | 9 | 10 | 9.774 | 9.226 | 0.126 | 0.72223 | |
| Wildebeest | 12 | 9 | 10.803 | 10.197 | 0.273 | 0.60132 | |
| Ostrich | 16 | 8 | 12.347 | 11.653 | 2.226 | 0.13567 | |
| Horse | 5 | 4 | 4.63 | 4.37 | 0.061 | 0.80508 | |
| Donkey | 4 | 0 | 2.058 | 1.942 | 3.775 | 0.05201 | |
| Cattle | 30 | 20 | 25.722 | 24.278 | 1.465 | 0.2261 | |
| Sheep/goats | 4 | 3 | 3.601 | 3.399 | 0.091 | 0.76291 | |
| Overall | 304 | 176 | 246.933 | 233.067 | 27.162 | 0.0000002 | *** |

APPENDIX III: RESULTS BY STRATUM

Khaudum/Tsmkwe Overall

Combined Estimates:

| | Pop. | No. | No. | Variance | PRP | 95%R | ana. | , | Dens: |
|-----------------|------|------|------|----------|-------|-------|------|----------|---------------------|
| SPECIES | est. | seen | out | variance | % | 9070K | ange | 3 | No./km ² |
| Buffalo | 63 | 3 | 1 | 3726.4 | 190.7 | 4 | - | 184 | 0.0042 |
| Duiker | 703 | 50 | 0 | 12565.9 | 31.5 | 482 | - | 925 | 0.0515 |
| Eland | 723 | 88 | 19 | 80514.5 | 77.7 | 161 | - | 1284 | 0.0529 |
| EleCarcass 3 | 63 | 4 | 0 | 1262.3 | 111.1 | 4 | - | 134 | 0.0046 |
| EleCarcass 4 | 44 | 3 | 0 | 689.7 | 119.2 | 3 | - | 96 | 0.0032 |
| All E carcasses | 107 | 7 | 0 | 1952 | 81.8 | 19 | - | 194 | 0.0078 |
| ElephantBull | 1063 | 100 | 166 | 52485.2 | 42.7 | 610 | - | 1517 | 0.0779 |
| ElephantFamily | 2575 | 364 | 860 | 284041.6 | 41 | 1520 | - | 3630 | 0.1886 |
| All Elephants | 3638 | 464 | 1026 | 336526.9 | 31.6 | 2490 | - | 4786 | 0.2664 |
| Giraffe | 698 | 76 | 83 | 28941.6 | 48.2 | 362 | - | 1035 | 0.0511 |
| Hartebeest | 492 | 44 | 15 | 107749.2 | 132.1 | 59 | - | 1142 | 0.036 |
| Kudu | 2016 | 153 | 67 | 160656.1 | 39.4 | 1222 | - | 2809 | 0.1476 |
| Oryx | 1331 | 163 | 49 | 62328.7 | 37.1 | 837 | - | 1825 | 0.0975 |
| Roan | 1800 | 140 | 70 | 426026.2 | 71.8 | 508 | - | 3091 | 0.1318 |
| Springbok | 44 | 12 | 24 | 913.4 | 134.9 | 36 | - | 104 | 0.0032 |
| Steenbok | 483 | 37 | 6 | 7896.1 | 36.4 | 308 | - | 659 | 0.0354 |
| Warthog | 579 | 51 | 1 | 30470.3 | 59.6 | 234 | - | 925 | 0.0424 |
| Wildebeest | 2247 | 224 | 309 | 634737.2 | 70.2 | 671 | - | 3824 | 0.1646 |
| Ostrich | 615 | 43 | 25 | 20098.3 | 45.7 | 334 | - | 895 | 0.045 |
| Horse | 576 | 27 | 12 | 39947.8 | 68.7 | 181 | - | 972 | 0.0422 |
| Donkey | 86 | 7 | 5 | 3428.5 | 135.2 | 12 | - | 202 | 0.0063 |
| Cattle | 7449 | 407 | 442 | 2199706 | 39.4 | 4514 | - | 10385 | 0.5456 |
| Sheep/goats | 1266 | 72 | 97 | 404035.6 | 99.4 | 169 | - | 2524 | 0.0927 |
| Safari Camp | | | 4 | | | | | | |
| Waterpoint | | | 18 | | | | | | |
| Field/Cult | 264 | 25 | 7 | 4544.7 | 50.5 | 131 | - | 397 | 0.0193 |
| Village/Hut | 365 | 20 | 20 | 11149.2 | 57.3 | 156 | | 574 | 0.0267 |

Results of strata making up the above overall results follow:

Khaudum NP and Surrounds Area: 5860 km²

Combined Estimates:

| | Pop. | No. | No. | \/! | DDD 0/ | 0.50 | / D - | | Dens: |
|-----------------|------|------|-----|----------|--------|------|-------|------|---------|
| SPECIES | est. | seen | out | Variance | PRP % | 95% | ₀ка | nge | No./km² |
| Duiker | 335 | 30 | 0 | 4812.89 | 41.34 | 196 | - | 473 | 0.0571 |
| Eland | 723 | 88 | 19 | 80514.48 | 78.32 | 157 | - | 1288 | 0.1233 |
| EleCarcass 3 | 22 | 1 | 0 | 461.25 | 196.88 | 1 | - | 65 | 0.0037 |
| EleCarcass 4 | 10 | 1 | 0 | 105.62 | 197.68 | 1 | - | 31 | 0.0018 |
| All E carcasses | 32 | 2 | 0 | 566.87 | 147.81 | 2 | - | 80 | 0.0055 |
| ElephantBull | 558 | 74 | 122 | 12885.42 | 40.59 | 331 | - | 784 | 0.0952 |
| ElephantFamily | 2575 | 364 | 779 | 284041.6 | 41.28 | 1512 | - | 3638 | 0.4394 |
| All Elephants | 3132 | 438 | 901 | 296927.1 | 34.69 | 2046 | - | 4219 | 0.5345 |
| Giraffe | 677 | 74 | 75 | 28510.17 | 49.78 | 340 | - | 1013 | 0.1154 |
| Hartebeest | 22 | 4 | 0 | 401.41 | 184.5 | 4 | - | 62 | 0.0037 |
| Kudu | 869 | 81 | 34 | 42750.33 | 47.48 | 456 | - | 1281 | 0.1482 |
| Oryx | 850 | 100 | 41 | 42942.86 | 48.65 | 436 | - | 1263 | 0.145 |
| Roan | 699 | 81 | 46 | 41830.31 | 58.34 | 291 | - | 1107 | 0.1193 |
| Steenbok | 267 | 25 | 5 | 3289.31 | 42.82 | 153 | - | 382 | 0.0456 |
| Warthog | 277 | 31 | 1 | 6188.65 | 56.74 | 120 | - | 433 | 0.0472 |
| Wildebeest | 349 | 40 | 70 | 31232.73 | 101.06 | 110 | - | 701 | 0.0595 |
| Ostrich | 236 | 22 | 7 | 7966.37 | 75.32 | 58 | - | 414 | 0.0403 |
| Donkey | 63 | 6 | 0 | 2953.23 | 171.02 | 6 | - | 172 | 0.0108 |
| Cattle | 2895 | 201 | 269 | 1069450 | 71.23 | 833 | - | 4958 | 0.4941 |
| Sheep/goats | 742 | 48 | 92 | 270220.7 | 139.71 | 140 | - | 1779 | 0.1266 |
| Safari Camp | | | 3 | | | | | | |
| Waterpoint | | | 10 | | | | | | |
| Field/Cult | 264 | 25 | 6 | 4544.73 | 50.92 | 130 | - | 399 | 0.0451 |
| Village/Hut | 129 | 9 | 6 | 2636.28 | 79.6 | 26 | - | 231 | 0.022 |

[&]quot;Khaudum NP and Surrounds" is made up of Khaudum NP and two strata around the boundary, Khaudum NP W Boundary and Khaudum NP N Boundary:

Khaudum NP Area: 3612 km²

Combined Estimates:

| | Pop. | No. | No. | Variance | PRP % | 0.5% | / Do | ngo | Dens: |
|----------------|------|------|-----|----------|--------|------|------|------|---------|
| SPECIES | est. | seen | out | variance | PKP 70 | 307 | ока | nge | No./km² |
| Duiker | 161 | 21 | 0 | 1099.71 | 41.29 | 95 | - | 228 | 0.0447 |
| Eland | 531 | 73 | 18 | 62333.56 | 94.52 | 91 | - | 1032 | 0.1469 |
| EleCarcass 4 | 10 | 1 | 0 | 105.62 | 199.08 | 1 | - | 31 | 0.0029 |
| ElephantBull | 514 | 72 | 121 | 11040.42 | 41.04 | 303 | - | 725 | 0.1424 |
| ElephantFamily | 2575 | 364 | 754 | 284041.6 | 41.58 | 1504 | - | 3645 | 0.7127 |
| All Elephants | 3089 | 436 | 875 | 295082.1 | 35.32 | 1998 | - | 4180 | 0.8551 |
| Giraffe | 557 | 68 | 63 | 21366.11 | 52.7 | 264 | - | 851 | 0.1542 |
| Hartebeest | 22 | 4 | 0 | 401.41 | 185.82 | 4 | - | 62 | 0.006 |
| Kudu | 457 | 59 | 34 | 14770.86 | 53.41 | 213 | - | 701 | 0.1265 |
| Oryx | 690 | 87 | 34 | 29177.74 | 49.73 | 347 | - | 1033 | 0.191 |
| Roan | 657 | 77 | 41 | 40231.13 | 61.33 | 254 | - | 1060 | 0.1818 |
| Steenbok | 170 | 20 | 2 | 1822.01 | 50.57 | 84 | - | 255 | 0.0469 |
| Warthog | 233 | 29 | 0 | 4420.77 | 57.31 | 99 | - | 367 | 0.0645 |
| Wildebeest | 349 | 40 | 70 | 31232.73 | 101.78 | 110 | - | 704 | 0.0965 |
| Ostrich | 96 | 14 | 6 | 1735.83 | 87.3 | 20 | - | 180 | 0.0265 |
| Camp | | | 2 | | | | | | |
| Waterpoint | | | 6 | | | | | | |

Stratum Khaudum NP North Area: 1562 km² Sampling intensity: 9.6% Estimates:

| | Pop. | No. | No. | Variance | PRP % | 0.50 | / Da | | Dens: |
|-----------------|------|------|-----|----------|-------|------|---------------|------|---------------------|
| SPECIES | est. | seen | out | Variance | PRP % | 957 | /o K a | inge | No./km ² |
| Duiker | 62 | 6 | 0 | 241.7539 | 53 | 29 | - | 95 | 0.0398 |
| Eland | 207 | 20 | 12 | 8269.4 | 93 | 32 | - | 400 | 0.1328 |
| EleCarcass 4 | 10 | 1 | 0 | 105.6189 | 210.1 | 1 | - | 32 | 0.0066 |
| All E carcasses | 10 | 1 | 0 | 105.6189 | 210.1 | 1 | - | 32 | 0.0066 |
| ElephantBull | 228 | 22 | 36 | 5369.208 | 68.1 | 73 | - | 383 | 0.146 |
| ElephantFamily | 1089 | 105 | 130 | 145241.3 | 74.2 | 281 | - | 1897 | 0.697 |
| All Elephants | 1317 | 127 | 166 | 150610.5 | 62.5 | 494 | - | 2140 | 0.8431 |
| Giraffe | 342 | 33 | 41 | 17374.9 | 81.7 | 74 | - | 622 | 0.2191 |
| Kudu | 124 | 12 | 18 | 2790.086 | 90 | 30 | - | 236 | 0.0797 |
| Oryx | 446 | 43 | 22 | 23765.3 | 73.3 | 119 | - | 773 | 0.2854 |
| Roan | 498 | 48 | 26 | 35920.05 | 80.7 | 96 | - | 899 | 0.3186 |
| Steenbok | 83 | 8 | 2 | 973.8743 | 79.8 | 17 | - | 149 | 0.0531 |
| Warthog | 156 | 15 | 0 | 3572.356 | 81.5 | 29 | - | 282 | 0.0996 |
| Wildebeest | 270 | 26 | 70 | 25935.27 | 126.6 | 96 | - | 611 | 0.1726 |
| Ostrich | 21 | 2 | 6 | 213.6847 | 149.4 | 8 | - | 52 | 0.0133 |

Stratum Khaudum NP Central Area: 1287.92 km² Mean Estimates:

| | Pop. | No. | No. | Variance | PRP | 0.50 | / Da | nge | Dens: |
|----------------|------|------|-----|----------|-------|------|------|-------|---------------------|
| SPECIES | est. | seen | out | variance | % | 90/ | o Na | ilige | No./km ² |
| Duiker | 61 | 11 | 0 | 463.2 | 73.1 | 16 | - | 105 | 0.047 |
| Eland | 265 | 47 | 2 | 51067.52 | 175.1 | 49 | - | 730 | 0.206 |
| ElephantBull | 267 | 48 | 85 | 5338.254 | 56.3 | 133 | - | 417 | 0.2072 |
| ElephantFamily | 1361 | 246 | 516 | 132547.7 | 55 | 762 | - | 2109 | 1.0564 |
| All Elephants | 1628 | 294 | 601 | 137886 | 46.9 | 895 | - | 2391 | 1.2637 |
| Giraffe | 167 | 30 | 21 | 3034.14 | 67.9 | 54 | - | 280 | 0.1295 |
| Hartebeest | 22 | 4 | 0 | 401.414 | 190.2 | 4 | - | 63 | 0.0168 |
| Kudu | 169 | 30 | 6 | 7405.939 | 104.9 | 36 | - | 346 | 0.131 |
| Oryx | 244 | 44 | 10 | 5412.44 | 62 | 93 | - | 395 | 0.1895 |
| Roan | 159 | 29 | 15 | 4311.074 | 84.8 | 44 | - | 294 | 0.1236 |
| Steenbok | 38 | 7 | 0 | 262.9014 | 86.8 | 7 | - | 72 | 0.0298 |
| Warthog | 77 | 14 | 0 | 848.4166 | 77.3 | 18 | - | 137 | 0.0602 |
| Wildebeest | 79 | 14 | 0 | 5297.462 | 189 | 14 | - | 229 | 0.0615 |
| Ostrich | 56 | 10 | 0 | 1189.848 | 127 | 10 | - | 127 | 0.0433 |
| Camp | | | 2 | | | | | | |
| Waterpoint | | | 6 | | | | | | |

The above estimates for Khaudum NP Central are the means of two results as follows:

Estimates:

| | Рор. | No. | No. | \/ | PRP | 050/ 5 | | Dens: |
|----------------|------|------|-----|----------|-------------|--------|------|---------|
| SPECIES | est. | seen | out | Variance | % | 95%R | ange | No./km² |
| Duiker | 76 | 7 | 0 | 1326.16 | 103.8 | 7 - | 154 | 0.0589 |
| Eland | 22 | 2 | 2 | 423.5758 | 205.3 | 4 - | 66 | 0.0168 |
| ElephantBull | 206 | 19 | 49 | 3924.242 | 65.8 | 70 - | 341 | 0.1597 |
| ElephantFamily | 1375 | 127 | 219 | 303132 | 86.5 | 346 - | 2565 | 1.0678 |
| All Elephants | 1581 | 146 | 268 | 307056.2 | <i>75.7</i> | 414 - | 2778 | 1.2275 |
| Giraffe | 130 | 12 | 14 | 4922.762 | 116.6 | 26 - | 282 | 0.1009 |
| Hartebeest | 43 | 4 | 0 | 1605.656 | 199.9 | 4 - | 130 | 0.0336 |
| Kudu | 43 | 4 | 2 | 1706.051 | 206 | 6 - | 133 | 0.0336 |
| Oryx | 217 | 20 | 6 | 7548.707 | 86.7 | 29 - | 404 | 0.1682 |
| Roan | 217 | 20 | 14 | 11868.05 | 108.7 | 34 - | 452 | 0.1682 |
| Steenbok | 54 | 5 | 0 | 845.1022 | 116 | 5 - | 117 | 0.042 |
| Warthog | 76 | 7 | 0 | 1477.529 | 109.6 | 7 - | 159 | 0.0589 |
| Ostrich | 32 | 3 | 0 | 479.5838 | 145.6 | 3 - | 80 | 0.0252 |
| Сатр | | | 1 | | | | | |
| Waterpoint | | | 1 | | | | | |

Khaudum NP Central B Area: 1288 km² Sampling intensity: 8.8 %

| | Рор. | No. | No. | Variance | PRP | 05% Dange | Dens: |
|----------------|------|------|-----|----------|-------|-----------------|---------|
| SPECIES | est. | seen | out | variance | % | 95%Range | No./km² |
| Duiker | 45 | 4 | 0 | 526.6364 | 109.6 | 4 - 95 | 0.0351 |
| Eland | 509 | 45 | 0 | 203846.5 | 191.6 | 45 - 1484 | 0.3952 |
| ElephantBull | 328 | 29 | 36 | 17428.78 | 87 | 65 - 613 | 0.2547 |
| ElephantFamily | 1346 | 119 | 297 | 227058.9 | 76.5 | 416 - 2375 | 1.0451 |
| All Elephants | 1674 | 148 | 333 | 244487.6 | 63.8 | 606 - 2742 | 1.2998 |
| Giraffe | 204 | 18 | 7 | 7213.798 | 90.1 | <i>25 - 387</i> | 0.1581 |
| Kudu | 294 | 26 | 4 | 27917.71 | 122.7 | 30 - 655 | 0.2283 |
| Oryx | 271 | 24 | 4 | 14101.05 | 94.5 | 28 - 528 | 0.2108 |
| Roan | 102 | 9 | 1 | 5376.243 | 155.6 | 10 - 260 | 0.079 |
| Steenbok | 23 | 2 | 0 | 206.5033 | 137.2 | 2 - 54 | 0.0176 |
| Warthog | 79 | 7 | 0 | 1916.138 | 119.4 | 7 - 174 | 0.0615 |
| Wildebeest | 158 | 14 | 0 | 21189.85 | 198.6 | 14 - 473 | 0.123 |
| Ostrich | 79 | 7 | 0 | 4279.807 | 178.5 | 7 - 221 | 0.0615 |
| Safari Camp | | | 1 | | | | |
| Waterpoint | | | 5 | | | | |

Stratum Khaudum NP South Area: 763 km² Sampling intensity: 10.4 % Estimates:

| | Pop. | No. | No. | Variance | PRP | 05% Danga | Dens: |
|----------------|------|------|-----|----------|-------|-----------|---------|
| SPECIES | est. | seen | out | variance | % | 95%Range | No./km² |
| Duiker | 39 | 4 | 0 | 394.7556 | 118.8 | 4 - 84 | 0.0506 |
| Eland | 58 | 6 | 4 | 2996.644 | 218.2 | 10 - 184 | 0.0759 |
| ElephantBull | 19 | 2 | 0 | 332.9604 | 218.2 | 2 - 61 | 0.0253 |
| ElephantFamily | 125 | 13 | 108 | 6252.596 | 145.5 | 121 - 308 | 0.1644 |
| All Elephants | 145 | 15 | 108 | 6585.557 | 129.4 | 123 - 332 | 0.1897 |
| Giraffe | 48 | 5 | 1 | 957.069 | 148 | 6 - 120 | 0.0632 |
| Kudu | 164 | 17 | 10 | 4574.832 | 95.1 | 27 - 320 | 0.215 |
| Oryx | | | 2 | | | | |
| Steenbok | 48 | 5 | 0 | 585.2333 | 115.7 | 5 - 104 | 0.0632 |
| Ostrich | 19 | 2 | 0 | 332.2943 | 218 | 2 - 61 | 0.0253 |

Stratum Khaudum NP W Boundary Area: 1490 km² Sampling intensity: 4.6 %

| | Pop. | No. | No. | Variance | DDD 9/ | | E0/ | Danas | Dens: |
|----------------|------|------|-----|----------|--------|-----|------------|-------|---------|
| SPECIES | est. | seen | out | Variance | PRP % | 9 | 5 % | Range | No./km² |
| Duiker | 152 | 7 | 0 | 3542.97 | 86 | 21 | - | 283 | 0.1022 |
| Eland | 65 | 3 | 1 | 4020.99 | 213.8 | 4 | - | 205 | 0.0438 |
| EleCarcass 3 | 22 | 1 | 0 | 461.25 | 217.3 | 1 | - | 69 | 0.0146 |
| ElephantBull | 44 | 2 | 1 | 1845.00 | 217.3 | 3 | - | 138 | 0.0292 |
| ElephantFamily | | | 8 | | | | | | |
| All Elephants | 44 | 2 | 9 | 1845.00 | 217.3 | 11 | - | 138 | 0.0292 |
| Giraffe | 109 | 5 | 10 | 7045.25 | 169.8 | 15 | - | 294 | 0.073 |
| Kudu | 348 | 16 | 0 | 26901.29 | 103.7 | 16 | - | 709 | 0.2336 |
| Oryx | 44 | 2 | 7 | 1831.23 | 216.5 | 9 | - | 138 | 0.0292 |
| Roan | | | 3 | | | | | | |
| Steenbok | 87 | 4 | 1 | 1368.67 | 93.6 | 6 | - | 168 | 0.0584 |
| Warthog | 44 | 2 | 1 | 1767.88 | 212.7 | 3 | - | 136 | 0.0292 |
| Ostrich | 109 | 5 | 1 | 5185.76 | 145.7 | 6 | - | 267 | 0.073 |
| Cattle | 1501 | 69 | 86 | 659843 | 119.1 | 155 | - | 3289 | 1.0074 |
| Sheep/goats | 457 | 21 | 70 | 197358 | 214 | 91 | - | 1435 | 0.3066 |
| Waterpoint | | | 1 | | | | | | |
| Field/Cult | | | 2 | | | | | | |
| Village/Hut | 65 | 3 | 3 | 1926.05 | 148 | 6 | - | 162 | 0.0438 |

Stratum Khaudum NP N Boundary Area: $757 \, \mathrm{km^2}$ Sampling intensity: $9.5 \, \%$

| | Pop. | No. | No. | Variance | PRP % | 0.50 | / Da | nao | Dens: |
|----------------|------|------|-----|----------|-------|----------|------|-------|---------|
| SPECIES | est. | seen | out | variance | PKP % | 95%Range | | ilige | No./km² |
| Duiker | 21 | 2 | 0 | 170.2085 | 139.7 | 2 | - | 51 | 0.0279 |
| Eland | 127 | 12 | 0 | 14159.92 | 212.4 | 12 | - | 396 | 0.1673 |
| ElephantFamily | | | 17 | | | | | | |
| Giraffe | 11 | 1 | 2 | 98.80174 | 212.9 | 3 | - | 33 | 0.0139 |
| Kudu | 63 | 6 | 0 | 1078.182 | 117.2 | 6 | - | 138 | 0.0837 |
| Oryx | 116 | 11 | 0 | 11933.89 | 212.7 | 11 | - | 363 | 0.1534 |
| Roan | 42 | 4 | 2 | 1599.181 | 214.1 | 6 | - | 133 | 0.0558 |
| Steenbok | 11 | 1 | 2 | 98.62719 | 212.7 | 3 | - | 33 | 0.0139 |
| Ostrich | 32 | 3 | 0 | 1044.786 | 230.8 | 3 | - | 105 | 0.0418 |
| Donkey | 63 | 6 | 0 | 2953.229 | 194 | 6 | - | 186 | 0.0837 |
| Cattle | 1394 | 132 | 183 | 409607.5 | 103.8 | 315 | - | 2842 | 1.8407 |
| Sheep/goats | 285 | 27 | 22 | 72862.67 | 214.1 | 49 | - | 896 | 0.3765 |
| Safari Camp | | | 1 | | | | | | |
| Waterpoint | | | 3 | | | | | | |
| Field/Cult | 264 | 25 | 4 | 4544.731 | 57.8 | 112 | - | 417 | 0.3486 |
| Village/Hut | 63 | 6 | 3 | 710.224 | 95.1 | 9 | - | 124 | 0.0837 |

Nyae Nyae Overall Area: 7794 km²

Combined Estimates:

| | Pop. | No. | No. | Variance | PRP % | 0.50 | / Da | nge | Dens: |
|-----------------|------|------|-----|----------|--------|------|------|------|---------------------|
| SPECIES | est. | seen | out | Variance | PKP % | 907 | оКа | iige | No./km ² |
| Buffalo | 63 | 3 | 1 | 3726.43 | 190.71 | 4 | - | 184 | 0.0081 |
| Duiker | 369 | 20 | 0 | 7752.99 | 47.87 | 192 | - | 545 | 0.0473 |
| EleCarcass 3 | 42 | 3 | 0 | 801.05 | 136.53 | 3 | - | 98 | 0.0053 |
| EleCarcass 4 | 33 | 2 | 0 | 584.11 | 145.79 | 2 | - | 82 | 0.0043 |
| All E carcasses | 75 | 5 | 0 | 1385.16 | 99.76 | 5 | - | 149 | 0.0096 |
| ElephantBull | 505 | 26 | 44 | 39599.78 | 78.94 | 106 | - | 904 | 0.0648 |
| ElephantFamily | | | 81 | | | | | | |
| All Elephants | 505 | 26 | 125 | 39599.78 | 78.94 | 151 | - | 904 | 0.0648 |
| Giraffe | 22 | 2 | 8 | 431.41 | 191.09 | 10 | - | 63 | 0.0028 |
| Hartebeest | 470 | 40 | 15 | 107347.8 | 139.69 | 55 | - | 1127 | 0.0603 |
| Kudu | 1147 | 72 | 33 | 117905.8 | 60.01 | 459 | - | 1836 | 0.1472 |
| Oryx | 482 | 63 | 8 | 19385.85 | 57.95 | 203 | - | 760 | 0.0618 |
| Roan | 1100 | 59 | 24 | 384195.8 | 112.93 | 83 | - | 2343 | 0.1412 |
| Springbok | 44 | 12 | 24 | 913.43 | 136.67 | 36 | - | 105 | 0.0057 |
| Steenbok | 216 | 12 | 1 | 4606.77 | 62.92 | 80 | - | 352 | 0.0278 |
| Warthog | 303 | 20 | 0 | 24281.66 | 103.14 | 20 | - | 615 | 0.0389 |
| Wildebeest | 1899 | 184 | 239 | 603504.5 | 82.03 | 423 | - | 3456 | 0.2436 |
| Hyeana Br | | | 1 | | | | | | |
| Ostrich | 378 | 21 | 18 | 12131.98 | 58.39 | 157 | - | 599 | 0.0485 |
| Horse | 576 | 27 | 12 | 39947.77 | 69.54 | 176 | - | 977 | 0.0739 |
| Donkey | 22 | 1 | 5 | 475.25 | 195.66 | 6 | - | 66 | 0.0029 |
| Cattle | 4554 | 206 | 173 | 1130255 | 46.81 | 2422 | - | 6685 | 0.5843 |
| Sheep/goats | 524 | 24 | 5 | 133814.9 | 139.92 | 29 | - | 1258 | 0.0673 |
| Safari Camp | | | 1 | | | | | | |
| Waterpoint | | | 8 | | | | | | |
| Fenceline | | | 5 | | | | | | |
| Field/Cult | | | 1 | | | | | | |
| Village/Hut | 236 | 11 | 14 | 8512.92 | 78.39 | 51 | - | 421 | 0.0303 |

Nyae Nyae is made up of the following strata (Nyae Nyae 1,2,3,4,5,6 and 7):

Stratum Nyae Nyae 1 Area: 1093 km² Sampling intensity: 5.1 %

Estimates:

| | Pop. | No. | No. | Variance | PRP | 95%Range | Dens: |
|--------------|------|------|-----|----------|-------|-----------|---------|
| SPECIES | est. | seen | out | variance | % | 95%Kange | No./km² |
| Duiker | 138 | 7 | 0 | 3345.83 | 116.1 | 7 - 299 | 0.1266 |
| EleCarcass 3 | 20 | 1 | 0 | 371.92 | 270.8 | 1 - 73 | 0.0181 |
| ElephantBull | 40 | 2 | 0 | 1487.68 | 270.8 | 2 - 147 | 0.0362 |
| Kudu | 138 | 7 | 9 | 7974.18 | 179.2 | 16 - 386 | 0.1266 |
| Oryx | 40 | 2 | 0 | 1483.2 | 270.4 | 2 - 146 | 0.0362 |
| Roan | 59 | 3 | 0 | 3337.37 | 270.4 | 3 - 220 | 0.0543 |
| Steenbok | 99 | 5 | 1 | 2784.39 | 148.2 | 6 - 245 | 0.0904 |
| Wildebeest | 652 | 33 | 16 | 403821.9 | 270.4 | 49 - 2417 | 0.5969 |
| Ostrich | | | 2 | | | | |
| Safari Camp | | | 1 | | | | |
| Waterpoint | | | 1 | | | | |
| Village/Hut | 20 | 1 | 0 | 371.92 | 270.8 | 1 - 73 | 0.0181 |

Stratum Nyae Nyae 2 Area: 849 km² Sampling intensity: 9.2 %

| | Pop. | No. | No. | Variance | PRP | 95%Range | Dens: |
|-----------------|------|------|-----|----------|-------|-----------|---------------------|
| SPECIES | est. | seen | out | variance | % | 95%Kange | No./km ² |
| Duiker | 22 | 2 | 0 | 188.836 | 145.4 | 2 - 53 | 0.0257 |
| EleCarcass 3 | 22 | 2 | 0 | 429.1304 | 219.2 | 2 - 70 | 0.0257 |
| EleCarcass 4 | 11 | 1 | 0 | 108.1019 | 220 | 1 - 35 | 0.0128 |
| All E carcasses | 33 | 3 | 0 | 537.2323 | 163.5 | 3 - 86 | 0.0385 |
| ElephantBull | | | 5 | | | | |
| Giraffe | 22 | 2 | 5 | 431.4095 | 219.8 | 7 - 70 | 0.0257 |
| Kudu | 76 | 7 | 10 | 1890.814 | 131.5 | 17 - 177 | 0.0899 |
| Oryx | 196 | 18 | 2 | 4372.608 | 77.7 | 44 - 349 | 0.2311 |
| Steenbok | 11 | 1 | 0 | 107.2826 | 219.2 | 1 - 35 | 0.0128 |
| Wildebeest | 381 | 35 | 63 | 90181.99 | 181.6 | 98 - 1074 | 0.4494 |
| Ostrich | | | 2 | | | | |
| Waterpoint | | | 1 | | | | |

Stratum Nyae Nyae 3 Area: 930 km² Sampling intensity: 9.3 %

Estimates:

| | Pop. | No. | No. | Variance | PRP % | 0.50/ | Bai | 200 | Dens: |
|--------------|------|------|-----|----------|-------|-------|-----|-----|---------|
| SPECIES | est. | seen | out | Variance | PKP % | 95% | ка | ige | No./km² |
| Duiker | 32 | 3 | 0 | 485.2733 | 151.8 | 3 | - | 81 | 0.0348 |
| ElephantBull | | | 3 | | | | | | |
| Hartebeest | 32 | 3 | 0 | 947.6851 | 212.2 | 3 | - | 101 | 0.0348 |
| Kudu | 151 | 14 | 2 | 3719.228 | 90.1 | 16 | - | 287 | 0.1622 |
| Oryx | 151 | 14 | 2 | 5367.012 | 108.2 | 16 | - | 314 | 0.1622 |
| Roan | 151 | 14 | 14 | 5604.493 | 110.6 | 28 | - | 318 | 0.1622 |
| Steenbok | 11 | 1 | 0 | 105.3325 | 212.2 | 1 | - | 34 | 0.0116 |
| Warthog | 86 | 8 | 0 | 1420.559 | 97.4 | 8 | - | 170 | 0.0927 |
| Wildebeest | 11 | 1 | 45 | 105.2109 | 212.1 | 46 | - | 34 | 0.0116 |
| Hyeana Br | | | 1 | | | | | | |
| Ostrich | 43 | 4 | 0 | 990.2484 | 162.7 | 4 | - | 113 | 0.0463 |
| Horse | 22 | 2 | 3 | 420.8436 | 212.1 | 5 | - | 67 | 0.0232 |
| Cattle | | | 25 | | | | | | |
| Village/Hut | | | 3 | | | | | | |

Stratum Nyae Nyae 4 Area: 1395 km² Sampling intensity: 4.3 %

| | Pop. | No. | No. | Variance | PRP | 0.5% | ′ D - | | Dens: |
|----------------|------|------|-----|----------|-------|----------|-------|------|---------|
| SPECIES | est. | seen | out | variance | % | 95%Range | | inge | No./km² |
| Duiker | 47 | 2 | 0 | 789.09 | 166 | 2 | - | 125 | 0.0337 |
| ElephantBull | 282 | 12 | 2 | 29972.76 | 170.5 | 14 | - | 763 | 0.2021 |
| ElephantFamily | | | 6 | | | | | | |
| All Elephants | 282 | 12 | 8 | 29972.76 | 170.5 | 20 | - | 763 | 0.2021 |
| Hartebeest | 329 | 14 | 8 | 103928.5 | 272.2 | 22 | - | 1224 | 0.2358 |
| Kudu | 399 | 17 | 0 | 84238.74 | 201.8 | 17 | - | 1205 | 0.2863 |
| Roan | 23 | 1 | 1 | 528.05 | 271.6 | 2 | - | 87 | 0.0168 |
| Steenbok | 47 | 2 | 0 | 795.7 | 166.7 | 2 | - | 125 | 0.0337 |
| Warthog | 141 | 6 | 0 | 18917.86 | 270.9 | 6 | - | 523 | 0.1011 |
| Wildebeest | 423 | 18 | 85 | 40552.54 | 132.2 | 103 | - | 982 | 0.3032 |
| Ostrich | 47 | 2 | 1 | 2114.1 | 271.7 | 3 | - | 175 | 0.0337 |
| Horse | 94 | 4 | 0 | 8456.4 | 271.7 | 4 | - | 349 | 0.0674 |
| Cattle | 0 | 0 | 51 | 0 | 0 | 51 | - | 0 | 0 |
| Village/Hut | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | - | 0 | 0 |

Stratum Nyae Nyae 5 $\,$ Area: 1315 km 2 Sampling intensity: 4.5 %

Estimates:

| | Pop. | No. | No. | Variance | PRP | 0.5% | / Da | ngo | Dens: |
|-----------------|------|------|-----|----------|-------|---------|------|------|---------|
| SPECIES | est. | seen | out | variance | % | 95%Rang | | nge | No./km² |
| Duiker | 45 | 2 | 0 | 792.79 | 154.2 | 2 | - | 114 | 0.034 |
| EleCarcass 4 | 22 | 1 | 0 | 476 | 239 | 1 | - | 76 | 0.017 |
| All E carcasses | 22 | 1 | 0 | 476 | 239 | 1 | - | 76 | 0.017 |
| ElephantBull | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 5 | - | 0 | 0 |
| All Elephants | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 5 | - | 0 | 0 |
| Kudu | 89 | 4 | 0 | 4292.33 | 179.4 | 4 | - | 250 | 0.068 |
| Steenbok | 45 | 2 | 0 | 798.51 | 154.8 | 2 | - | 114 | 0.034 |
| Ostrich | 112 | 5 | 3 | 5215.84 | 158.2 | 8 | - | 288 | 0.085 |
| Horse | 313 | 14 | 9 | 10120.5 | 78.7 | 67 | - | 559 | 0.2379 |
| Donkey | 22 | 1 | 5 | 475.25 | 238.8 | 6 | - | 76 | 0.017 |
| Cattle | 3708 | 166 | 87 | 754811.2 | 57.3 | 1582 | - | 5834 | 2.8204 |
| Sheep/goats | 313 | 14 | 5 | 93149.59 | 238.8 | 19 | - | 1060 | 0.2379 |
| Fenceline | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 5 | - | 0 | 0 |
| Village/Hut | 89 | 4 | 1 | 4274.54 | 179 | 5 | - | 249 | 0.068 |

Stratum Nyae Nyae 6 Area: 2084 km² Sampling intensity: 4.7 %

| | Pop. | No. | No. | Variance | PRP | 0.5 | 0/ D. | | Dens: |
|----------------|------|------|-----|----------|-------|-----|--------------|------|---------|
| SPECIES | est. | seen | out | variance | % | 95 | % R ∂ | ange | No./km² |
| Buffalo | 63 | 3 | 1 | 3726.43 | 210 | 4 | - | 196 | 0.0304 |
| Duiker | 85 | 4 | 0 | 2151.17 | 119.5 | 4 | - | 186 | 0.0406 |
| ElephantBull | 169 | 8 | 23 | 8079.98 | 115.8 | 31 | - | 365 | 0.0812 |
| ElephantFamily | | | 33 | | | | | | |
| All Elephants | 169 | 8 | 56 | 8079.98 | 115.8 | 64 | - | 365 | 0.0812 |
| Giraffe | | | 3 | | | | | | |
| Hartebeest | 21 | 1 | 0 | 430.57 | 213.8 | 1 | - | 66 | 0.0101 |
| Kudu | 254 | 12 | 8 | 15163.39 | 105.8 | 20 | - | 522 | 0.1218 |
| Roan | 867 | 41 | 9 | 374725.9 | 153.9 | 50 | - | 2201 | 0.416 |
| Warthog | 63 | 3 | 0 | 3806.31 | 211.9 | 3 | - | 198 | 0.0304 |
| Wildebeest | 63 | 3 | 0 | 3875.17 | 213.8 | 3 | - | 199 | 0.0304 |
| Ostrich | 169 | 8 | 0 | 3786.98 | 79.3 | 35 | - | 303 | 0.0812 |
| Horse | 148 | 7 | 0 | 20950.03 | 213.1 | 7 | - | 463 | 0.071 |
| Cattle | 846 | 40 | 10 | 375444.1 | 157.9 | 50 | - | 2181 | 0.4059 |
| Sheep/goats | 211 | 10 | 0 | 40665.34 | 207.8 | 10 | - | 651 | 0.1015 |
| Waterpoint | | | 1 | | | | | | |
| Field/Cult | | | 1 | | | | | | |
| Village/Hut | 127 | 6 | 6 | 3866.46 | 106.8 | 12 | - | 262 | 0.0609 |

Stratum Nyae Nyae 7 Area: 129 km²

Mean Estimates:

| | Pop. | No. | No. | Variance | PRP % | OF9/ Banga | Dens: |
|----------------|------|------|-----|----------|-------|------------|---------|
| SPECIES | est. | seen | out | Variance | PRP % | 95%Range | No./km² |
| ElephantBull | 15 | 4 | 6 | 59.36 | 116.2 | 10 - 32 | 0.1145 |
| ElephantFamily | | | 42 | | | | |
| All Elephants | 15 | 4 | 48 | 59.36 | 116.2 | 52 - 52 | 0.1145 |
| Hartebeest | 88 | 22 | 7 | 2041.06 | 114.5 | 29 - 189 | 0.681 |
| Kudu | 39 | 11 | 4 | 627.13 | 142.3 | 15 - 95 | 0.3038 |
| Oryx | 95 | 29 | 4 | 8163.03 | 211.5 | 33 - 296 | 0.7374 |
| Springbok | 44 | 12 | 24 | 913.43 | 151.9 | 36 - 112 | 0.3435 |
| Steenbok | 4 | 1 | 0 | 15.55 | 213.9 | 1 - 13 | 0.0318 |
| Warthog | 12 | 3 | 0 | 136.93 | 211.6 | 3 - 38 | 0.0955 |
| Wildebeest | 368 | 94 | 30 | 64967.77 | 154.4 | 124 - 936 | 2.8508 |
| Ostrich | 7 | 2 | 10 | 24.81 | 151.5 | 12 - 18 | 0.0568 |
| Waterpoint | | | 5 | | | | |

The above result for Nyae Nyae 7 is the mean of the following three samples (7A, 7B, and 7C):

Nyae Nyae 7A Area: 129 km² Sampling intensity: 10.2 %

| | Рор. | No. | No. | Variance | PRP | 95%Range | Dens: |
|----------------|------|------|-----|----------|-------|-----------|---------|
| SPECIES | est. | seen | out | variance | % | 9576Kange | No./km² |
| ElephantBull | 20 | 2 | 3 | 345.12 | 261.9 | 5 - 71 | 0.1526 |
| ElephantFamily | | | 42 | | | | |
| All Elephants | 20 | 2 | 45 | 345.12 | 261.9 | 47 - 71 | 0.1526 |
| Hartebeest | 30 | 3 | 5 | 355.83 | 177.3 | 8 - 82 | 0.2289 |
| Kudu | 69 | 7 | 2 | 4280.5 | 263.6 | 9 - 251 | 0.534 |
| Oryx | 286 | 29 | 2 | 73467.31 | 263.6 | 31 - 1038 | 2.2122 |
| Springbok | 59 | 6 | 0 | 3181.1 | 265.1 | 6 - 216 | 0.4577 |
| Wildebeest | 217 | 22 | 11 | 29800.53 | 221.3 | 33 - 696 | 1.6782 |
| Ostrich | 10 | 1 | 7 | 87.36 | 263.6 | 8 - 36 | 0.0763 |
| Waterpoint | | | 2 | | | | |

Nyae Nyae 7B Area: 129 km² Sampling intensity: 8.2 %

Estimates:

| | Рор. | No. | No. | Variance | PRP | 95%Range | Dens: |
|--------------|------|------|-----|----------|-------|-----------|---------|
| SPECIES | est. | seen | out | variance | % | 95%Kalige | No./km² |
| ElephantBull | | | 3 | | | | |
| Hartebeest | | | 2 | | | | |
| Kudu | 36 | 3 | 2 | 1223.71 | 305.9 | 5 - 148 | 0.2819 |
| Springbok | | | 20 | | | | |
| Ostrich | 12 | 1 | 0 | 135.97 | 305.9 | 1 - 49 | 0.094 |
| Waterpoint | | | 2 | | | | |

Stratum Tsum7C Area: 129 km² Sampling intensity: 8.1 %

| | Рор. | No. | No. | Variance | DDD 9/ | 05%/ Dames | Dens: |
|--------------|------|------|-----|----------|--------|------------|---------|
| SPECIES | est. | seen | out | Variance | PRP % | 95%Range | No./km² |
| ElephantBull | 25 | 2 | 0 | 189.11 | 177.6 | 2 - 68 | 0.191 |
| Hartebeest | 234 | 19 | 0 | 18013.71 | 182.4 | 19 - 661 | 1.814 |
| Kudu | 12 | 1 | 0 | 139.99 | 305.6 | 1 - 50 | 0.0955 |
| Oryx | | | 2 | | | | |
| Springbok | 74 | 6 | 4 | 5039.78 | 305.6 | 10 - 300 | 0.5729 |
| Steenbok | 12 | 1 | 0 | 139.99 | 305.6 | 1 - 50 | 0.0955 |
| Warthog | 37 | 3 | 0 | 1232.37 | 302.2 | 3 - 149 | 0.2864 |
| Wildebeest | 887 | 72 | 19 | 554909.5 | 267.2 | 91 - 3258 | 6.8743 |
| Ostrich | | | 3 | | | | |
| Waterpoint | | | 1 | | | | |